THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, T. P. HOUSTON, EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS. W. P. REED, H. M. LONG, PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.....$10.00

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXVI.---NO. 127. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1871. FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
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Single subscribers.....$1.50.
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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

EUROPE.

Fanatic France

MORE TROUBLE.

Trial of Rochefort.

FAILURE OF FUSION.

Arrests Continued.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

New American Minister.

FRANCE.

SUPPRESSION DEMANDED.

PARIS, June 6—*Midnight.*—The *Patrie* says that France possessed, in July last, 800,000 breech-loaders and 450,000 soldiers. It demands the vigorous suppression of the machination of the Communists of the provinces.

FRENCH MECHANICS.

The Minister of Marine has written to the managers of the arsenals and navy yards, directing them to employ French, not foreign mechanics.

ROCHEFORT'S TRIAL.

LONDON, June 7.—The *Times'* special dispatch contains the following: The postponement of Rochefort's trial is due to the apprehension of disclosures compromising the Government of National Defense.

THIERS' OFFICE.

The *Siecle* advocates the extension of Thiers' term of office.

FELIX PYATT.

Felix Pyatt is in Switzerland.

THE RUINS.

The proposal to leave untouched the ruins of the Hotel de Ville is being seriously discussed.

THE REPUBLIC TO BE TRIED.

LONDON, June 7.—There is news that Favre is preparing a reply to the manifesto of Prince Napoleon. Thiers insists on giving the Republic a fair trial.

ELECTIONS VOIDED.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—The municipal elections at Versailles and Larescon have been declared void.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Twenty-five women were killed and fifty injured by a railroad accident near Paris yesterday.

TO BE RESTORED.

All the pieces of the Column of Vendome have been found and the monument will be exactly restored.

APPOINTMENTS.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—Picard has been appointed Governor of the Bank of France and Rotunde has been appointed Procurer General.

FALSE.

The report of a disturbance in Lyons is false.

TRIALS.

The trial of the Communists, to be held here, as disturbers, will commence at once. The first will be that of M. Assi.

DENUNCIATIVE.

Louis Blanc has written a letter to the *Figaro* denouncing the Commune.

ARRESTS.

The arrest of Communist leaders continues. Lullien has been secured.

MINISTER TO WASHINGTON.

It is said that Jules Ferry will be appointed Minister to Washington.

ATTRACTIONS.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—The *Figaro* proposes the re-establishment of gaming houses and lotteries as an attraction for strangers to Paris. It also favors the abolishment of passports and the law against stickles.

COMPROMISE.

The *Verite* says a compromise has been effected by which the law exiling the Orleans princes from France will be repealed and their election to the assembly declared valid. The princes are, however, not to take the seats to which they have been chosen and must agree not to intrigue for the throne. It is said Thiers has given his consent to the plan.

THE DAMAGE.

The *Verite* estimates the damage to Paris from the fightings and conflagrations at eight hundred million francs. It is said that fifty million francs' worth of merchandise was burned, exclusive of the docks of De Lavilette and the warehouses.

HEALTH.

The Council of Hygiene, in Paris, declares there is no epidemic in the city. Such precautionary measures have been adopted as will prevent the spread of any disease to such an extent. They also state that the health of Paris is at present satisfactory.

INSURGENTS.

The *Official Journal* to-day contains a note from the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, guaranteeing to deliver into the hands of the French authorities all escaping insurgents who may reach Italian soil.

[Special to the World.]

FUSION FAILED.

VERSAILLES, June 7.—On the highest authority I state that the fusion of the monarchists has wholly failed, owing to the intrigues of Thiers, who privately exults over the certainty of maintaining a nondescript republic with himself as chief, as in the case of Prince Napoleon, for an indefinite period. Incessant attempts are being made in Paris to induce the soldiers to fraternize with the people.

FRESH TROUBLE FEARED.

Intense dissatisfaction prvails among all classes and fresh trouble is feared.

BURIAL OF THE ARCHBISHOP.

PARIS, June 7.—The obsequies of the late Archbishop Darboy took place to-day at the Cathedral of Notre Dame with great pomp. They were attended by a large number of political, military and literary celebrities and a detachment from the National Assembly. The church was crowded and the throng of spectators on the line of the funeral was immense.

GERMANY.

DEAD.

BREMEN, June 7.—Jean George Kohl, the distinguished German traveler, died in this city yesterday, in the sixty-fourth year of his age.

THE PARLIAMENT.

BERLIN, June 7.—The session of the German Parliament will probably close on the 15th inst., but members will remain in the city to take part in the ceremonies attending the triumphal entry of the army.

VON MOLTKE.

Von Moltke has returned from Strasburg, and has since had an audience with the Emperor.

A FRENCH MINISTER.

The *Prussian Cross Gazette* confirms the report that France will shortly send a Charge d'Affaire to Berlin, but mentions no name.

ENGLAND.

MARINE DISASTER.

LONDON, June 7.—The bark Guizeppi Prata, from Philadelphia has arrived at Cork and reports having shipped a sea which carried overboard the master, one mate and several sailors, all of whom were drowned.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

LIVERPOOL, June 7.—The steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool for New York is at Queenstown disabled.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 7.—The steamship Weser, from New York, has arrived.

MOVILLE, June 7.—The steamship Assyria from New York, has arrived.

SPAIN.

WILL RESIGN.

MADRID, June 7.—Minister Monet will resign, if the disagreement with the Committee of Cortes on the Budget continues.

THE BUDGET.

MADRID, June 7.—The Committee of the Cortes on the Budget to-day discussed the advisability of postponing the loan until the Budget is adopted. Minister Moret opposed any postponement and declared that he should make it a Cabinet question. The committee then rejected the proposal to postpone the loan by a vote of 16 to 8.

ITALY.

MINISTERIAL.

FLORENCE, June 7.—Rabilante has been appointed Minister to Vienna to replace Divelle, now in Egypt for the purpose of establishing an Italian colony.

HOLLAND

INTEREST REDUCED.

AMSTERDAM, June 7.—The Bank of Holland has reduced the rate of interest to three per cent.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 7.—4:30 P. M.—Consols 91¾; money 91¾ on account; 5-20's '62, 90¾; do '65, 90¾; do '67, 90¾; 10-40's, 89¾.

FRANKFORT, June 7.—5-20's '62, 96¾@96¾.

LIVERPOOL, June 7.—Cotton easier; middling upland 8¾@7¾d. Beef 100s. Cheese 56s 6d.

CLEVELAND.

Explosion.

CLEVELAND, June 7.—The agitating house in Alexander Scofield & Co's., refinery situated near the crossing of the A. and G. W. Railway and the Central Railway exploded this morning with great violence. The agitator contained 1,100 barrels of oil which instantly ignited and a great conflagration followed. The agitating house with all of the oil and the office of the company were destroyed. Total loss $30,000, no insurance. Adam Kehr, a carpenter employed in the works was instantly killed. His body was burned almost beyond recognition. Three others were seriously burned. No reason can be assigned for the explosion.

NEW YORK.

A Report Denied—Mutiny at Sea—The Quarrymen—West Point Matters—Bankrupt Case—Buenos Ayres—Railroad Suit—Vice President Colfax—The Erie Strike—Yachting—Horace Greeley Home—Steamship Arrived—Removing a Reef.

NEW YORK, June 7, 1871.

UNTRUE.

The statement that Bishop Potter had addressed a remonstratory communication to the Rev. Mr. Tyng, in consequence of his having recently occupied the pulpit of Rev. Mr. Cheney, of Chicago, lately deposed by Bishop Whitehouse, is pronounced by Bishop Potter as unqualifiedly untrue.

VICE PRESIDENT COLFAX.

A letter from Vice President Colfax to a friend in this city denies the widely published statement of his intemperate use of tobacco, and says: "Since first elected to preside in the House eight years ago, I have never risen in the morning that I have not felt that I had twice as much work to do that day as there was really time for. A correspondence of all conceivable inquiries and all kinds of business, often extending to hundreds of letters per week, I have attended to myself, in addition to my official duties, always stealing from sleep. Every day I was attacked, and having left the oppressive atmosphere of the executive session more unpleasantly than usual, I felt it, and going to my room I wrote a large number of letters, returning to the chair at 4 P. M. The blow fell ten minutes afterwards." The Vice President says it is the old story of mental strain without relaxation, but he intends hereafter to recognize that there is a limit which even the strongest constitution will not allow to be exceeded.

WEST POINT.

A West Point dispatch of June 6th says: President Grant arrived here last evening, and was received with the national salute. Very nearly all the applicants for admission to the Military Academy came forward for the present examination. Ninety-six have been examined, and the list was closed until September, when the quota can be filled by new candidates. Of the ninety-six examined, thirty have been rejected; nine by the Medical, and twenty-one by the Examining Board. Among those who passed were Brigham Young's son, and Napier, the colored boy from Tennessee.

BUENOS AYRES.

Recent advices from Montevideo represent the condition of affairs in the City of Buenos Ayres as daily growing more threatening, but having grown alarmingly worse. About the first of May yellow fever seemed to be abating, and many of the refugees returned to the city, but the disease again broke out violently and the returned citizens fled in panic. Two lots of Government was about being removed to Rosa Rio at last advices. Communication between Montevideo and Buenos Ayres has been positively prohibited, and thus no information regarding the mortality among American citizens.

LEASING RAILROADS.

The Directors of the New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company met to-day. An extended discussion took place on the subject of leasing the road to the Pennsylvania Central as a perpetuity on a basis of ten per cent. Finally the resolution was adopted by a decided majority, approving the action of the Joint Board in agreeing on the terms of said lease. The old Board of Directors was re-elected without opposition.

MASONS.

The grand lodge F. A. Masons held two sessions to-day. Large numbers of resolutions were offered and referred to the appropriate committees. A preamble and resolution instructing the grand lecturer so to alter the Ritual as to completely ignore all allusion to sectarianism, called forth a lively discussion, during which the Grand Master said any Jewish lodge could, if a member chose, be dedicated to King Solomon instead of St. John.

BANKRUPT CASE.

In the matter of the bankruptcy petition of John R. Penn, Charles V. Culiver and Lincoln H. Culiver, who failed in 1867 for upwards of two millions of dollars, involving several banking establishments in the oil regions in Pennsylvania in complete ruin, a final decision has been rendered, discharging all three of the bankrupts.

RAILROAD SUIT

The *Times* says that James Fisk's suit against the Albany & Susquehanna Railroad was taken off the Circuit Calendar on Monday, and it is now probably at an end. This result has been brought about by the recent decision at the general term in Fisk's other suits with the same.

ARRIVED.

The brig J. L. Bowen, reported yesterday by the ship Europa as having been boarded at sea in distress, owing to a mutiny of the crew, arrived in the port early last night. The mutineers were arrested and confined in the Stapleton jail, Staten Island.

VIADUCT RAILWAY.

The Directors of the Viaduct Railway at a meeting to-day subscribed for one million dollars of stock. A. T. Stewart taking one thousand shares, and most of the other Directors five hundred.

THE QUARRYMEN.

The troubles among the quarrymen in Harlem have been renewed. About sixty society men attacked a party of non-society men at work last evening, and severely injured two of them.

RAISING A REEF.

The work of removing Diamond Reef, between Governor's Island and the Battery, is finished.

ARRIVED.

The steamships Alexandria, from Glasgow, and Helvetia, from Liverpool, have arrived.

YACHTING.

A London dispatch says: Mr. Ashbury's yacht Lavonia won the Harwich regatta.

THE ERIE STRIKE.

The strike on the Erie Railroad has ended, and the rioters have been dispersed.

HORACE GREELEY.

Horace Greeley returned from his southern tour this morning.

SAN FRANCISCO.

New Steamer.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—The iron screw steamer City of Melbourne, the first of the new English line of Australian and New Zealand steamers, in coming in this afternoon, ran on Pincon Rock; it is supposed, however, she will be got off uninjured.

MINING.

Alvinsea Howard yesterday purchased the Mill Company's interest in the Crown Point mine, amounting to 4,100 shares, for $1,230,000. Two years ago the same interest and the same stock sold at three dollars a share.

CRIME.

Two boys have been arrested, charged with murder in robbing a Chinaman to death on Fourth street last week.

Mrs. Fair is said to have paid the Council and Physician who testified to her insanity and attended her professionally for hunting up witnesses and other expenses of the trial, over 20,000 dollars and $1,000 as her principal medical attendant and witness, now sues her for 5,000 dollars.

NEW LINES.

The Nevada, initial steamer of Webb's line, made the run from San Francisco to Honolulu in seven days and sixteen hours.

The City of Melbourne, the first of the English line, was eleven days on the trip from Honolulu here and thirty-three from Sidney. When she left Sidney it was not yet known the Nevada had started and the supposition was she was a week at start. The new New Wales government voted no subsidy to the English Line, waiting to see if the American would start. The Nevada had twenty cabin and seven steerage passengers.

AUSTRALIAN NEWS.

The city of Melbourne brings Sydney dates to May 31. Numerous barricades have visited the Feji Islands, in which the brig Kentucky, of San Francisco, bound to Melbourne, foundered and all on board perished. Captain Bryant, who was lost, had been married before sailing and had his wife with him. The steamer had a very small freight. Honolulu news is unimportant.

PHILADELPHIA.

Homeopathic.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—The delegates to the Homeopathic Comtion visited Independence Hall this morning, and afterwards proceeded to business at the Mercantile Library. The following resolutions, among others were adopted:

Resolved, That the exclusion of medical men from positions of honor and trust in the public institutions of the country or government on account of their medical opinion is an abuse of power and ought to be no longer tolerated.

Resolved, That the censure and ostracism with which some medical organizations are pursuing the more liberal minded of their members are an invasion of the rights of American citizens, subversive of the freedom of thought and action which should characterize all scientific bodies.

NASHVILLE.

Pension Case.

NASHVILLE, June 7.—An independent company of Federal scouts, commanded by Capt. Batey, operated in Middle Tennessee during the war. Congress authorized the payment of the amount due each man, which was one thousand and sixty-four dollars. The claim agents paid them only four hundred dollars, pocketing the remainder. Isaac Woods, Jamestown, Fentress county, some days ago had one of the said agents arrested under Federal authority, and a wordy altercation between them occurred in Jamestown. Benj. Brammer, sheriff of the County, and others interfered and fired upon Woods and killed him. The affair created very much excitement.

NIAGARA.

Military.

NIAGARA, June 7.—A camp of volunteers has been formed here for the annual 14 days' drill. Between four and five thousand troops are on the ground. Strict military discipline will be maintained. The bands of the regiments passing the American forts played "Yankee Doodle," which was responded to by loud cheering from the United States troops.

The First Spike.

SALT LAKE, June 7.—The laying of the rails of the Utah Southern Railroad commenced yesterday. Brigham Young drove the first spike in the presence of a large concourse of citizens.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Cutting Down Expenses.

BURNING BONDS.

The Lady Clerks.

PERSONAL NEWS.

The San Domingo Report.

WASHINGTON, June 7, 1871.

BURNING BONDS.

On Monday the Commission appointed by Secretary Boutwell to examine, count and destroy the bonds purchased for a sinking fund will conclude their labors, and over sixty million dollars in bonds will be consigned to the flames.

ASSISTANT ASSESSORS.

A table is now being prepared in the Internal Revenue Bureau showing to what extent the force of Assistant Assessors of that Bureau has been reduced from October, 1870, to January 1871, and from that time to the 1st inst. will show a great reduction in the expenses of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

THE WEATHER.

The weather has been sensibly unchanged west of Missouri. The barometer has moved from Canada eastward, and extended this afternoon southward to Chesapeake Bay. The barometer has risen slightly on the upper lakes and northwest. The temperature has fallen on Lakes Erie and Ontario, and less so westward to Illinois and Wisconsin. The area of rainy and threatening weather has advanced from Ohio and Tennesee to the Middle and Eastern States. Southerly winds are now reported from the Gulf coast. Northwesterly winds prevail from Lake Ontario to Lake Superior, and southward to Tennessee.

Probabilities.—The rain will probably cease to-night on the Atlantic coast, followed by brisk southwesterly winds. Partially cloudy and clear weather with westerly winds are probable for Thursday morning, New York to Mississippi river, and to the Gulf.

LADY CLERKS.

Secretary Boutwell has received a recommendation from Judge Baron, Fifth Auditor of the Treasury Department, that the fairlady clerks in his office be promoted to temporary first-class clerkships. The Secretary will require the candidates to pass the same examination that male clerks are subjected to by the existing law. A majority of the lady clerks in the office have expressed a willingness to submit to the competitive examination, but thirty-four decline to apply for.

SAN DOMINGO REPORT.

The San Domingo report and accompanying documents are at last complete and will be issued next week. An order was made for printing by either House, only 1,500 copies will be issued. The agricultural report for the year will be printed, and most of it will be printed by August. Bound volumes will be ready for distribution in October, at least a month earlier than usual.

THE STRIKERS.

The colored laborers were to-day gathered in various places in small groups, with the apparently less aggressive spirit than yesterday. A number of the strikers are anxious to resume work for fear violence.

SENATOR PENTON.

A telegram from Jamestown, New York, announces that Senator Penton's health is improving, though he will be confined to his room for some time. His disease is gastric fever.

NATIONAL BANKS.

The Comptroller of the Currency has ordered the National Banks to furnish him with the names of their shareholders on the first Monday in July next.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.

Chief Justice Chase leaves here for New York to-day. He intends stopping for a time in Philadelphia.

DECLINED

Hon. Williard Warner of Alabama, has declined the appointment of Governor of New Mexico.

CINCINNATI.

Rabbinical Conference.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—The Rabbinical Conference reassembled this morning, Dr. Hubsh, of New York, in the chair. The following committees were appointed: Rabbinical College, Drs. Wise, Kalish, Fiuegel, Sonneshirn, Burkenthal, Hubsh and Lilienthal; Sabbath School and Text Book, Drs. Lilienthal, Wexler, Kleberg, Eppstein, Meier, Saurfeld and Welsh; Publishing Society, Drs. Wolfenstein, Berklein, Moses, Welsh and Nordan; Circuit Preaching, Drs. Isaac, Machely (used for lunacy), Gerstman and Kleberg; Lectures, Drs. Lilienthal, Wise, Cohen and Kalish; Church Music, Drs. Welsh, Grien, Cohen, Lakker, Nordan and Bauer. The Prayer Book Committee was authorized to publish a book immediately after the conclusion of their labor. A motion of Dr. Wise to take up his paper on divine service on the day of atonement, was followed by a long and animated discussion on the form of atonement and the different ideas entertained years ago, and now concerning the holiest of days in synagogue services. Dr. Wise, Cincinnati; Hulish, New York and Mayer, Cleveland, participated. Wise and Mayer both taking somewhat radical ground in relation to the question. Dr. Wise's resolution was, however, lost. At the afternoon session the title of doctor having appeared in the minutes of a circular and a communication from Dr. Mayer, that the congregation at Charlottesville, Virginia, had joined the Reformers, was received with applause. Rev. Eppstein, of Milwaukee, introduced a resolution providing for the sending of five Rabbis to Moses during a period of three years at divine service, which should be made a reform era. Reform measures. Dr. Wise moved to amend by providing that ministers select only such portions as were adapted to spiritual wants, while those entertaining antiquated laws should be omitted. This proposition brought an animated discussion, and was defeated by a vote of twelve to eleven. The resolution of Dr. Lebenthal protesting against the establishment of a national rabbinical college at Washington as their principals were against centralization of the Hierarchical power and favorable to the autonomy of the congregations, and as they were ready to offer gratuitous services as Rabbies to preach and lecture from 20,000 dollars per annum, instead of looking to a thorough reform in the ritual of burial and other services were introduced and referred to the committee on Ritual. Col. Mitto, on seminaries, submitted a report providing that the seminary should commence its course of instruction on the basis of the knowledge of students of Hebrew, so that the Professor may be acquainted with Hebrew grammer and be able to translate prose, and chapters of the Bible. A candidate must possess the qualifications now required of freshmen who enter the universities. The course embraces four years, and the student is expected to acquire a thorough knowledge of the original sources of Hebrew and Rabbinical literature.

The consideration of the report was postponed until to-morrow.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, June 7.—River eight feet six inches—risen one foot. Arrived—Major Anderson, Memphis. Departed—Palestine and Charmer for Evansville. Weather beautiful but cooler.

CAIRO, June 7.—H. S. Turner, New Orleans to Louisville at 10 P. M; Natchez, New Orleans to St. Louis; Lawrence, Cincinnati to Memphis II; Richmond, New Orleans to St. Louis 12; Belle of Memphis, Memphis to St. Louis 2; A. McFarlant, Mitchell, Cincinnati to New Orleans 8; Mollie Rogen, Nashville to Evansville 7; Baltic, Memphis to Cairo 7; Tyrone, Nashville to Packet, 9; Hornet No 2, New Orleans to Louisville 10; Nightingale, Cincinnati to Arkansas River 1 P. M; Ajax, New Orleans to Louisville 3; Arkansas Belle, Evansville Packet, 5; City of Cairo, St. Louis to Vicksburg 6. River stationery. Weather clear. Mercury 86.

ST. LOUIS, June 7.—Arrived—Silver Bow, Omaha; Argonaut, Tennessee River; Belle and barges, Fisher, Natchez; New Orleans; Colorado, Vicksburg; Mountaineer, Kansas River; Lake Superior, St. Paul; Illinois, Peoris; Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Kate Robinson, Cincinnati. Departed—Champion, Cincinnati; Minnesota, St. Paul; City of Alton and Henry Ames, New Orleans; Aide, Dubuque; Grand Tower, Memphis; General Andrews, Cairo; Jennie Baldwin, Upper Mississippi. River stationary. Weather very warm.

LOUISVILLE, June 7.—River stationary, 2½ feet in chute, and 4½ feet in canal. Clear, pleasant and no improvement in business. Arrived—Abeona, Cincinnati; Simpson Horner, New Orleans; Mary Davage and barges, Hudgens and barges and Anna, St. Louis. Departed—Abeona, St. Louis; Mary Davage and barges, Hawkeye and barges, Pittsburgh; Anna, Hudgens; Mary Houston, leaves for New Orleans. Simpson Horner laid up for water.

EVANSVILLE, June 7.—Weather clear and pleasant. Mercury 88. River fallen one foot. Port list up—Falls City, midnight; River and Valley City, 7 A. M.; Fayette, 9; Belfast to Owensboro, 1 P. M.; Boss 5; Mary Ament 6. Down—Ben Wilson, 7 A. M.; Morning Star, 5 P. M.; Idle Wild, 5. Business very dull.

VICKSBURG, June 7.—Port list—Down—Sue Sumner, Patona and barges, H. M. Shreve, Argosy and barges. Warm, clear and river falling fast.

NASHVILLE, June 7.—River falling; six feet scant on Harpeth shoals. Weather fair and warm. Departed—John Lumsden for Cairo.

MEMPHIS, June 7.—Weather cloudy and warm. River rising slowly. Up, Potomac; New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 7.—Port list. Departed—James Howard, St. Louis.

NOVA SCOTIA.

To Confer.

HALIFAX, June 7.—New Brunswick has appointed three of its members, Messrs. King, Moore and Frazer, as a delegation to confer with the governments of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward's Island, with a view to united action against the Washington treaty.

ST. LOUIS.

Quick Trip.

ST. LOUIS, June 7.—The steamer Natchez arrived here this evening on the first of four fast business trips, she designs to make from New Orleans to this point, time three days and twenty-four hours, only four and a half hours slower than the famous race of the Robert E. Lee last July. She had over one hundred passengers and made twenty-two business stops, lasting forty minutes each at Memphis and Cairo, ran on slow bills the last of the way from Cairo up and the first night out and most of the next day, and was run against in the terrific rain and wind storm. The distance from port to port is 1,290 miles.

BONDED GOODS.

Captain John N. Bedinger, President of the St. Louis & New Orleans Packet Company, Stevenson & Horlander, Agents of the Merchants' Southern Packet Company, and J. T. Burdeau, Agent of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, telegraph from New Orleans that they will not hereafter receive or transport goods in bond under the present regulations required by the Custom House at New Orleans.

APPOINTED.

Mr. John Montuth, formerly of Cleveland and for some time pastor of the Mayflower Chapel, of this city, has been appointed State Superintendent of the public schools, vice Ira Devail resigned.

CHICAGO.

General Rodman's Death.

CHICAGO, June 7.—General Thomas J. Rodman, a distinguished ordnance officer of the United States army, and who has for several years past been in command of the United States arsenal and Government works at Rock Island, in this State, died at Rock Island this morning. He graduated from the Military Academy at West Point in 1841, and has been continuously in the army to the time of his death. He was especially distinguished for the invention of the great fifteen-inch Columbiad, known as the Rodman gun. He was about fifty years of age.

REUNION.

The Illinois soldiers' reunion at Rock Island to-day, was a grand affair. There were between 15,000 to 20,000 persons present. The proceedings. General Logan was the orator of the day.

RAILROAD ELECTION

The Chicago, Rock Island Railroad Company held its annual election of directors to-day in this city. The same board of directors as last year was elected with the exception of H. G. Hollins, who was selected to fill the vacancy made by the death of John Herne, of New York. The old officers of the company were re-elected by the directors.

MICHIGAN

Editorial Excursion.

JACKSON, June 7.—The Southern editorial excursion, which left Fort Wayne this morning at 7½ o'clock, arrived in this city at 11½ o'clock, and were met by a large number and delegation of citizens. A large number of carriages were found in readiness to escort the distinguished visitors about the city. After all, about two hours and a half had been provided for the procession of carriages moved toward the elegant residence of President Bowen, of the Michigan Central Railroad, where a new Railroad, where the party alighted and partook of a lunch under which all the principal places of interest were visited, among others the agricultural and A. E. Webster's greenhouses, the most beautiful in the city. At two and one-half o'clock the excursionists had the pleasure of witnessing an exhibition of the Holly water works, by which water to six streams were thrown high into the air, fully demonstrating and establishing the great superiority of the system over all others. At three o'clock a grand banquet was given at the Hibbard House in which several hundred persons participated. The excursionists were met at this place by a delegation from Saginaw, who will escort them to the latter city for which they leave at 5 o'clock this evening.

BALTIMORE.

The Printers.

BALTIMORE, June 7.—The International Typographical Union met this morning, when several committees reported. A number of resolutions were presented, among which the following were adopted: A resolution admitting persons to membership in the Union; also, that the jurisdiction of subordinate Unions should not be affected by that of the Union; also, leaving to subordinate Unions the regulations of the apprenticeship system. A motion to take from the new constitution offered on Monday last to allow colored printers the rights of membership in the Union, was laid on the table by yeas 61, nays 17. A resolution was adopted recommending arbitration instead of strikes for the settlement of disputes. Richmond, Virginia, was chosen as the place for the next annual meeting. The Convention then went into secret session.

LOUISVILLE.

Arrested.

LOUISVILLE, June 7.—Fred W. Hawkins, the agent of Fargo & Co., who absconded from Baxter Springs, Kansas, some time since with $25,000 of the company's money, was arrested at Jeffersonville, Indiana, to-day and brought back to this city and lodged in jail to await the arrival of officers from Kansas.

THE RED MEN.

The Red Men of this city, by a procession and ceremonies, to-day dedicated the wigwam of the two branches of the order. The procession was creditable and the uniforms very picturesque.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

A telegraph office was opened at Mammoth Cave to-day for the convenience of visitors during the season now opening.

NEW JERSEY.

Railroad Meeting.

NEWARK, June 7.—The Hon. Asa Packer, of Pennsylvania, was present to-day at a meeting of stockholders of the West Jersey Line Railroad, and signed an agreement to take charge of the road and complete it within eighteen months and settle its indebtedness. He was then chosen President of the Board of Directors, and Robert H. Sayre, of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, as Vice-President, and others of the same road, as Directors.

CONCORD, N. H.

Legislative.

CONCORD, June 7.—The Governor and Council appeared in the Hall of Representatives this morning, and administered the oath to the members elect. Hon. Ira A. Gore, Democrat and Labor Reform candidate, was elected speaker by one majority over Adams, Republican. Mr. Gore is an old abolitionist, and was nominated by the Democrats to secure the labor reform vote for Governor.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Flood.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6.—The water remains stationary, one inch below the highest point reached. People continue to move from the overflowed districts. The Canalinals to New Gaslight Company states that if the water continues at the present height two days longer, the company will be unable to supply gas.

ANNAPOLIS.

Concluded.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 7.—The concluding ceremonies attending the annual examination of the Naval School transpired to-day. Secretary Robeson made a short address to the graduating classes and then handed to each cadet his diploma, calling the first five in order of merit and the others indiscriminately.

ALBANY.

Railroad.

ALBANY, June 7.—The annual election of directors of the New York and Hudson River Rail Road was held to-day. Thirty-five million of stock was voted on and last years board re-elected entire.

BUFFALO.

Dead.

BUFFALO, June 7.—Hon. John B. Skinner one of the most distinguished lawyers of Western New York, and a prominent citizen of Buffalo for many years, died this morning.

Late Oil Markets.

TITUSVILLE, June 7.—The *Courier* reports sales as follows: Petroleum, upper road 100 bbls; spot, $5.00; do 1000 do $5.00; do 1000, do do $5.00; do 500, do B O first 6 months, $5.10; do 5000, do do $5.10; do 5000, do B O June, $5.12½; do 5000, do S O 60 days, $5.12½; do 5000, do do ninety days, $5.10; do 5000, do do do $5.10.

OIL CITY, June 7.—3,000 do. 47 gravity at $5.45; do. 1,000 do. h g at $5.50. The market continues active and upward, with the lower road and Oil City leading the advance. The aggregate of transactions are large, but principally on paper at 10@15c. The supply at $5.00 seems to be the sticking point, and that is difficult to get over, though now quite below the prices of quotation compared with the lower road prices. On the lower road we note an advance of ten cents per barrel over yesterday, and we heard $5.15 offered for s o ninety days for 10,000 barrels. No sales. At Oil City the advance of 5@10c. Demands were made yesterday for $5.50, but being accused to the market, closed firm at same.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, June 7.—3,500 bbls do gravity, $5.30; do 3,500 do do $5.35.

ROUSEVILLE, June 7.—200 do regardless, 5.17½; do 2,500, do do $5.15; do 500, do; regular $5.25; do $5; do regardless $5.25; do 600; do $5.30; do 1,000, do do $5.35; do 2,000, do do $5.35; Lower Road, 1,000 do, 47 gravity, $5.25; do 3,000 do, S. O., 1st 6 months, $5.25; do 5,000 do, B. O., do do $5.27½; do 5,000 do, B. O., do do $5.27½.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 7.—Flour dull and drooping; superfine $5.87½@6; double $6.37½@6.50; treble $6.50@6.75. Corn quiet; mixed 75c; white 76@77c. Oats easier 62½@64c. Bran quiet at $1.30. Hay—prime $23; choice $24. Pork drooping at $15.75@16. Bacon dull; shoulders 7c; clear rib 8¾c; clear sides 9¾c. Sugar cured hams 13¾@14c. Lard dull; tierce 10½@10¾c; keg 12¾c. Sugar firm; common 9¾@9¾c; good to fair 10¼@11c. Molasses firm; fermenting 38@40c. Whisky dull at 89@90c. Sterling 124; New York sight ¼ premium.

THE STATE.

The stone cutters employed on the Armstrong county jail struck for higher wages last Friday. Others are to be employed.

MRS. SWISSHELM is to lecture on the 12th inst., in Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, on the Bible and Woman's Suffrage.

The Kittanning *Republican* says that a chain ferry has been established at Sarah Furnace to accommodate the travel to and from the Armstrong oil field and other points.

ON the evening of Decoration day, the A. & G. W. Railway station at Greenville was burned. All the freight in the building, including a keg of powder, was destroyed amid great noise. The loss was about $1,500.

The Clarion *Democrat* has bought a new press and a new set of type, and on the strength of so much novelty, has grown very large and handsome. It is a very neat and lively paper, but unfortunate in its political leanings.

WARREN BLACHELEY, formerly of Washington, but who for some years has been in the drug business in Waynesburg was thrown from his wagon and had his leg broken. Lock-jaw set in and he died last Monday from its effects.

THE Greenville *Advance* says: The spring session of Allegheny College will close on June 22d. The honor men this year are: First college honor, James M. Elden; second, E. W. Tallerton; third, J. W. Wilson; fourth, F. O. Marvin.

THE Beaver *Argus* says: On last Friday the house owned by Mr. James Neavill in Industry township, this county was destroyed by fire. The furniture was principally saved. The fire is supposed to have caught from a defective flue. No insurance on the property.

ONE day last week, a boy named Widge, of Brady's Bend, died from eating some poisonous substance. He had been in the woods a greater part of the day previous to his death, and it is supposed that there he had eaten some poisonous root. His sufferings were said to be terrible.

TROLLING for eagles is the latest amusement in Erie. A sportsman, while fishing with a spoon hook, was surprised to see a huge eagle dash down on the bait and swallow it, thus securely fastening him. He was hauled to the boat, and made such desperate exertions to break away that his wings had to be broken before he could be captured.

A THEOLOGICAL discussion is announced to take place in the Bethel Church, at Moravia, Lawrence county, on the 28th of June. The question to be discussed is as follows: Resolved that the fourth precept of the Decalogue is binding upon the Christian as a rule of life." Affirmative—Revs. Patterson, Alexander and Johnson; Negative—Revs. Phillips, Cowdan and Cake, of Salem, Ohio. Rev. J. H. Aughey of Rochester, Beaver county, will preside at the discussion.

THE commencement exercises of the Washington and Jefferson College will take place on the 28th inst. at 9 o'clock in the morning in the Town Hall. President Hays will preach the Baccalaureate sermon on the evening of the 25th inst. On the 27th there will be a reunion afternoon, of the Jefferson class of 1841, when an address will be delivered by Rev. W. M. Robinson of Mercer. After the commencement exercises are over there will be a dinner given at the College Hall to the Alumni and strangers of distinction. The graduating class numbers eighteen.

THE Huntingdon *Journal* says: A little son of William Focht, of this place, died on last Monday of lock-jaw. The facts of the case, as near as we could learn them, appear to be as follows: A number of children were engaged in athletic sports. They were leaping over each other. Young Focht was caught by a colored boy, somewhat his senior, and thrown over his shoulder, spraining the spine very severely, which gave him great pain and terminated in lock-jaw, with which he suffered for several days up to the time of his death. The injury was the result of the merest accident.

SCIENTIFIC.

FIVE specimens of the silvery hair tail—a fish which looks like a bar of silver about two feet in length—have recently been caught on the southwest coast of England.

THE leaves of a species of Australian gum tree, says the *Gardiners' Chronicle*, have been found to answer well in the continent very successfully, their balsamic nature possessing great curative properties.

FULL and accurate calculations of the time and circumstances of the transits of Venus across the surface of the sun in the years 2004 and 2012 are published in England by Mr. J. R. Hind, the astronomer.

THE appearance of Mr. Darwin's book on *The Descent of Man* has been followed, the London papers say, by a great increase in the number of visitors to the monkey house in the Zoological Gardens, Regent's Park.

THREE German travellers, on their way from Santiago, Chili, to Mendoza, in the Argentine Republic, being driven out of their route by a great snow-storm, have discovered a new pass through the Andes, so easy that it is passible for carriages with two horses.

IT cost twenty thousand dollars last year to feed the animals belonging to the Zoological Society, in Regent's Park, London; and the salaries of the officers and keepers slightly exceeded that amount. The collection of animals, now numbering over two thousand, exclusive of the fishes, is altogether the finest in the world.

SOME rare and probably new plants have been found by Dr. Hooker's botanical expedition to Morocco. The plants of the northern part of the country coincide with those of southwestern Spain. A government guard of soldiers had to be obtained to protect the party against marauders while ascending a mountain which they visited.

CLOUDS have been encountered by balloons at an altitude of 20,000 feet, or nearly four miles above the earth, and heavy rain at a height almost as great. So states Mr. Glaisher, the eminent æronaut. He says that his observations show the theory, that the temperature becomes one degree colder for every 300 feet of increased elevation, to be wholly incorrect. In regard to the color of the sky, he says that when viewed from above, it presents a deep blue color, increasing in intensity with the increase of elevation above the earth or clouds beneath.

DR ROBERT, of Paris, earnestly recommends the use of salts of copper, as the best preservative against the weathering of stone in a moist climate; and endeavors to prove that the wasting away of sandstone and granite is due to various causes, one of the most important of which is the development of a minute lichen. This plant is so destructive, that the beautiful marble sculptures in the park at Versailles would be completely destroyed by it in the space of fifty years, unless precautions were taken to arrest its ravages. Dr.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.

SURVEYOR GENERAL.
ROBT. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

COUNTY.

STATE SENATORS:
JAMES L. GRAHAM.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS

ASSEMBLY.
First District—JAMES TAYLOR.
Second District—M. EDWARDS.
Third District—JOHN GILFILLAN, D. N. WHITE, H. K. SAMPLE, J. W. BALLANTINE, ALEX. MILLAR.

CONTROLLER—HENRY WARNER.
TREASURER—SAMUEL KILGORE.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—THOMAS M. BAYNE.
ASSIST. DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. B. FLACK.
COMMISSIONER—JOSEPH DILWORTH.
SURVEYOR—ROBERT CLUGSTON.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—J. G. MURRAY.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96‡@96¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¼@112‡

OAKDALE—The good people of Oakdale are happy in the possession of a most excellent school, presided over by an accomplished lady whose success in training the young and the popular appreciation of whose labors are evinced by two communications on the subject to which we give place this morning.

IT is reported that a number of London Editors intend visiting the United States and New Dominion during the present Summer. We hope they may come. The visit will expand their contracted insular ideas, and convince them that there is a world outside of London. They will learn much, too, about this country that will be of great service to them in their future labors.

THE latest accounts from Buenos Ayres are that the yellow fever, which had abated somewhat in the month of May, had broken out with greater virulence, and those who had returned recently to the city had fled again in great panic. Communication had been prohibited between Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, and the seat of government was about to be removed to Rosa Rio.

YESTERDAY MORNING the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions and County Commissioner Scott held a meeting for the purpose of appointing a Commissioner to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Neely, who resigned his Commissionership last week. Joseph Dilworth, Esq., having received a unanimous vote, was declared duly elected. This action was becoming, as Mr. Dilworth had received, the day before, the nomination of the Republican County Convention to the same position. He will make an excellent officer.

THE WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS meeting, held in this city yesterday, was quiet, orderly and harmonious. The reports of the several officers of the executive branch of the organization were received and approved, and developed a very healthy condition of affairs. To-day the delegates in attendance will visit our various manufactories and other points of interest. To-morrow an excursion party made up of our distinguished guests and prominent citizens will visit the Oil Regions and Chatauqua Lake, and a pleasant time is anticipated.

THE Ex President of the defunct Confederacy called a few days ago on Horace Greeley at his hotel in Memphis, and was received very cordially. Mr. Davis expressed his own and the gratitude of Mrs. Davis for the kindly services of Mr. Greeley after the close of the war. The interview lasted about ten minutes, but nothing was said about politics, the "lost cause," or the "new era." During the conversation, Mr. Greeley was all radiant with smiles, frank and affable, but the rebel chieftain was reserved and formal in manner, and put on much stately dignity. Indeed, it would seem from the account we have received that he was the very personification of Southern *hauteur* on the occasion. He withdrew from the interview with a "stately bow." The old philosopher must be convinced from what he saw of Jefferson Davis at the Overton that the South is in the dawn of the "new era."

IT is announced that the European and North American Railway will soon be completed. This public highway will establish railway communication between all points in the United States, having railroad connections, and Halifax, Nova Scotia. The road extends from Bangor in the State of Maine, to Vanceboro' on the St. Croix river, and from thence to St. John, New Brunswick. A branch is in process of construction between the latter place and Halifax. The honor and credit of building this important thoroughfare, which must largely increase the business between the United States and the British provinces, are due in a great measure, we are proud to learn, to Pennsylvania enterprise. Among those who have contributed largely to the work, we find the names of John Edgar Thompson, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, J. T. Thomas and W. H. Bradley, of Philadelphia, and W. G. Case and Robert Crane, of Columbia. The iron necessary to complete it is being manufactured at the Columbia Steel & Iron Company's Works, Columbia, Pa.

PRESIDENT GRANT did not refuse to appoint the son of Gen. Thomas Francis Meagher to a West Point cadetship. On the contrary, he sent the appointment to the War Office, and it was returned with an endorsement that the appointment had been made by a New York member of Congress. Will those journals which have misrepresented this case, as well as that of Brigham Young's son, make the necessary correction, and state the facts? The New York *Herald* says, the "free expression," which General Grant gave to its correspondent in relation to these and other matters, "in his terse and well considered sentences sets at rest many troublesome questions now being agitated." It adds: "The statements which the President made to our correspondent yesterday, and his free expression of them will not only go a great way toward relieving any suspense or anxiety the country may have felt upon the subjects discussed, but will teach the people, who have only half understood their Chief Magistrate, that he is not the deep, designing sphinx his political opponents call him. When the President so freely communicates his private views upon public subjects to the press we may feel sure that he is plotting no dire conspiracy and shaping no unwelcome policy in his own more secluded hours."

HERE WE ARE AGAIN.

During the political campaign of 1868, when the Democrats had different platforms in each State or section, we heard more than one adherent of that party assert that they did not have any platform or principles; they were merely Anti-Republican. Now it is exactly that way with our querulous neighbor, the *Volksblatt*. The sole delight of that amiable sheet seems to consist in "kicking against the pricks." Its ambition appears to be to assert, and, if possible, to prove that all Germans are superior to all Americans; all the exiles of '48 are superior to all other Germans, and a certain especial exile, who shall be nameless, is superior to all of the rest, though not very much so to Mr. Carl Schurz. Its sole idea of politics seems to be to constantly assert itself as a constitutional objector. These form the main stock-in-trade of the *Volksblatt*, but it has one or two other ideas, parasites, as it were, of the great ones. One of these is to compel all people to keep the Sabbath one way, that way, of course, to be prepared by the *Volksblatt*, and another is to crucify, hang, or otherwise cruelly dispose of all persons who ever hint that there can be any virtue in any man who advocates temperance in the use of strong drink, temperance in anything whatever, being the one unpardonable sin according to that intemperate journal. The comments made by it upon the proceedings of the Republican Conventions are a quite amusing proof of this, for they first attack the "ring" and then, after asserting that Mr. Dilworth triumphed over the ring, they attack that gentleman. But we shall quote a few lines so that they may speak for themselves:

"The Republican Conventions, which were held yesterday, expressed in general the will of the "Ring," which for years has attended to the business of bear leader for the Republican party of Allegheny county. The Bear Leader's Club, at No. 66 Smithfield street, did its work diligently, and the bear showed itself to be patient now, as it always has been before. * * * One mistake in the calculations of these gentlemen, possibly, was the nomination of Mr. Joseph Dilworth as County Commissioner. He is a prominent member of the Young Mens' Christian Association, which has undertaken the crusade against the landlords, and the plaintiff in the cases against our two honorable and worthy County Commissioners, Neely and McGee, who shall have wrongfully crammed themselves. The nomination of this gentleman may be *somewhat too pointed* to the bear leaders. We shall often have occasion to speak of these things during the next four months."

This is the usual style of the *Volksblatt*, and the last sentence shows how it delights in the prospect of four whole months, during which it will have ample opportunities for being just as disagreeable and obstreperous as heart could wish. To those persons who are not familiar with the course of this paper on the license question, the intended severity of its remarks concerning Mr. Dilworth, will not be so apparent as they are to those unfortunate few who are the regular readers, but to all there must be a great deal of amusement in watching for the inevitable opposition which is always sure to come as soon as a ticket is proposed or a project broached.

THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Yesterday was fixed by Captain Hall as the time for his departure from Washington with his vessel, the *Polaris*, on his Arctic Expedition. The craft which is to run the gauntlet of Polar icebergs, and brave the dangers of old Boreas, has been fitted up with great skill and care, and is said to be better adapted for the voyage of exploration, or discovery of the North-west passage, than any that have preceded her on the perilous cruise. She is staunch, well built and thoroughly equipped in every respect. The crew will consist of some fourteen men, who, although not famed for their scientific acquirements, are said to be experienced sailors, and of great daring. The chief mate, Captain S. O. Buddington, has had an experience of many years in whale fishing. Captain William Morton, who accompanied Dr. E. K. Kane in his Arctic journeyings, and Captain H. C. Chester, to whom the sight of Polar seas will not be a strange vision, are also officers on the *Polaris*. Every thing has been done that ample funds and consummate skill could do, to render the expedition successful. The vessel has been provided with every thing that long experience in Arctic voyaging could suggest as being necessary, and nothing but skillful seamen compose the crew.

After leaving Washington, Captain Hall will go to Brooklyn, where the final preparations will be made. There he will take on board several scientific gentlemen, and also the Esquimaux interpreter Joe and his wife Hannah, who have been with him for a number of years.

The *Polaris* will call at Saint John's, New Foundland, for the purpose of coaling, and will afterwards touch at one of the Danish Colonies on the coast of Greenland. The intention of the Principal of the Expedition is to sail in the month of August, through Jones Sound as far as eighty degrees north latitude, where he will go into winter quarters. It is proposed to pursue the voyage in spring until the ice blockade prevents further navigation, and then proceed in sledges in quest of the open Polar sea. Captain Hall expects to spend three years in search of the north-west passage, and his ship will carry provisions for four years.

The first exploring voyage towards the North Pole was made by the Cabots in the year 1497. They sailed up Davis's straits as far as 67 deg. 30 min., with the view of getting westward. The next attempt to reach the North Pole was made in the beginning of the sixteenth century by the Cortereals of Portugal. Gasper Cortereal sailed from Lisbon in the year 1500, and went as far as Labrador and Greenland. In May of the following year he again left Lisbon with two vessels, hoping to find the north-west passage to India. The two vessels got separated in a storm off the coast of Greenland. The one in which Gaspar sailed was never heard of, but her companion returned in safety to Lisbon. Michael, a brother of Gaspar, fitted out three ships and went in search of him, in 1502. When they reached the coasts of Greenland, the vessels, after an agreement was had in regard to a place of rendezvous, separated in order to examine the coast more thoroughly. Two of the vessels reached the appointed place of rendezvous, but Cortereal and his craft were never heard of again. Vasco, the last of the Cortereal family, after hearing of the sad fate of his brothers, manifested an anxious desire to go in search of them, but his most earnest entreaties failed to cause the King of Portugal to grant him permission. In 1553, Sir Hugh Willoughby set out on a similar errand and succeeded in reaching the islands of New Zembla in latitude 71°. His expedition consisted of three vessels, and the last that was heard of it was that it was seen off the coast of Finmark on the 30th of July of the same year. It is supposed that shortly after this the whole party were frozen to death. In 1585, John Davis, a distinguished English navigator, was employed by a number of London merchants to go in search of a north-west passage. He succeeded in getting as far northward as 72 degrees, 12 minutes. He discovered the Strait (Davis's) which bears his name, and surveyed a considerable portion of the coast of Greenland. This was the first voyage that was attended with any degree of success.

But it would be too tedious a work to enumerate all the different expeditions to the Polar regions, none of which has been attended with great success, or resulted in any practical good. The expedition of Sir John Franklin, consisting of the *Erebus* and *Terror*, which sailed on the 19th of May, 1845, in company with a tender, is fresh in the recollection of many. The tender returned from Davis's Strait after leaving the vessels amply provisioned for three years. On the 26th of July, 1845, the two vessels were seen by the crew of a whaleship in latitude 74 deg., awaiting an opportunity to enter Lancaster Sound. Some faint traces of the expedition have since been discovered, but the vessels have not been seen since that 26th day of July, 1845, when they were moored to an iceberg in Baffins Bay. Since that time many expeditions have sailed into the Artic waters, the object of most of them being to find some trace of Sir John Franklin and his brave crews, consisting of one hundred and thirty-eight men.

The history of the Arctic expeditions is rather discouraging. It requires no ordinary degree of fortitude to enable the boldest, most intrepid and ambitious navigator to undertake one in the face of all the disasters which have befallen those who have ventured upon the dangerous task. That Captain Hall has all the essential qualifications for such an undertaking we may admit. But that he will succeed much better than his illustrious predecessors we have not much hope. But even if he should succeed, of what benefit will his discoveries be to commerce or international communication? Will navigators be willing to subject themselves to the perils and uncertainties of Artic voyages? Will merchants prefer to send or receive goods through this channel? The discovery or re-discovery, if made, will prove an important contribution to Geographical Science, but beyond this the expedition however successful will be fruitless. That there is a north-west passage, and that it is of no use to commerce, has already been demonstrated. Brave and good men have sacrificed their lives in demonstrating these facts, and many will say, why prosecute the matter farther? Of the twenty-eight or twenty-nine men who will accompany Captain Hall, how many are likely to return? Will they be able to endure, and survive the rigors of an extreme Northern latitude? When they shall have completed their labors, even if they do survive them, we do not expect that they will be able to tell us much more than we know now of Arctic climes. But if they are brave and courageous enough to undertake the work and undergo all its perils, we need not complain. The cost of the expedition is a small matter for a Government like ours. Whilst, therefore, we are not very sanguine that great success will attend it, or that it will result in any practical good to this or any other country, we wish the daring explorers favorable gales and a safe passage to the North Pole and return.

POLITICAL.

GENERAL BUTLER'S organ, the Boston *Traveler*, has nominated Gen. Grant for re-election.

EX-United States Senator John M. Thayer, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor of Nebraska.

THE Republicans of Kentucky assert that many Democrats are dissatisfied with the "Old Bourbon" sentiments of the Democratic candidate for Governor, and will vote for the Republican candidate, General Harlan. Among the men who are named as leading in this movement are Leslie Combs, James E. Robinson, George Robertson and Dr. S. F. Gash.

A FEW days since a meeting of the State Democratic Executive Committee was held at Little Rock, Ark., and put forth a declaration "that it would be unwise, impolitic and certain of defeat to resurrect the issues on which we were beaten in '68, and that the party is willing to let the questions arising out of the war rest where they are."

THE Mobile *Register* makes haste to deny that Jefferson Davis is soured and unhappy, as his Northern Democratic apologists insist, and it also asserts that it is "utterly untrue that he is at all more defiant, more stubborn, or more Infatuated than any other ex-leader of the rebellion, except such as have bartered honor and credit for a pitiful mess of pottage."

THE "Gentiles" of Utah of all political parties have united in the effort to elect members of the territorial legislature opposed to the Mormons, and changing the have been made to hold conventions in the several election districts on the 26th inst., to organize for the canvass. A committee will publish an address to the people advocating their plan. The election will take place in August.

MR. BOB TOOMBS, of Georgia, "harks" from the musical depth of himself "a doleful sound." He concluded a lecture the other night in Augusta, according to the Sparta *Times*, with the following sublime peroration: When you can tear the live thunder from its home in the burning ether and bind it a captive at the footstool of tyranny, then, and not till then, will I accept the situation. The Chattanooga *Times* thinks that ought to make the situation feel very bad.—*Nashville Banner.*

SOME of the more candid Democrats are getting out of the smoke of Vallandigham's "new departure," and are being greeted at the fuss made about the event. The Washington *Patriot* says: "It occurs to us * * * that quite as much has been said, by our friends at least, on the subject of what are fancifully called "new departures" and "dead issues," as is expedient and in good taste. And the Baltimore *Gazette*, with charming frankness, remarks: The great blunder which the Northern Democracy makes is setting up a platform as a mark for its antagonist. The outside party wants no platform. *Its policy is to get in.* Here we have as the Columbus (Ga.) *Sun* said of Jeff. Davis' Atlanta speech, "the whole truth in a nut-shell."

ROCHEFORT'S CAPTURE.

How He was Taken into Versailles.

Never, says the Versailles correspondent of the London *Times*, have I witnessed a scene of greater excitement than the entry of Rochefort into Versailles as a prisoner to-day. He was brought in by the St. Germain road, and was seated in a family omnibus drawn by two horses. First came a squadron of gendarmes, then the omnibus, surrounded by Chasseurs d'Afrique, and lastly a squadron of the same corps. In the vehicle with Rochefort were his secretary, Mourrot, and four police agents dressed in plain clothes. Outside the omnibus were an officer of the gendarmerie in uniform and two or three sergens-de-ville not in uniform. Rochefort's moustache had disappeared. He had himself shaved closely before setting out from Paris in order to disguise himself, but there was no mistaking him. It was half-past one o'clock in the afternoon when the *cortege*, arriving at the end of the Boulevard du Roi, entered the Rue des Reservoirs. Every one ran into the street, and shouts of execration were raised on all sides. It was no mere demonstration of a mob. The citizens of all classes joined in it. One man ventured to cry, "Vive Rochefort!" He was kicked by several persons who happened to be near him, and was saved from further violence only by arrest at the hands of the sergens-de-ville. Along the Rue des Reservoirs, the Rue de la Pompe, the Place Hoche, the Rue de Hoche, and the Avenue St. Cloud, Rochefort was greeted with incessant shouts of "A bas l'assassin: a pied le brigand; a mort!" The people wanted to have him out of the omnibus, and it was with difficulty the cavalry prevented them from dragging him out and inflicting summary execution. The cavalcade was obliged to go at a slow pace, but finally he was safely lodged in gaol. I believe that but for the precautions taken by the Government he would have been killed before he had got near it. The demand to have an example made of him, and the dissatisfaction at seeing him brought to prison in a carriage, were loud and general.

State Politics.

THE Republicans of Mercer county have nominated Nathan Morford for Assembly and Richard Carr for Associate Judge.

IN Beaver county the Republicans have nominated Wm. C. Shurlock for Assembly, Joseph C. Wilson for Associate Judge and J. R. Harrah for prosecuting Attorney.

THE Republican primary meetings of Forrest County, are to be held on the 22d of July, when candidates are to be nominated for Assembly, President Judge, County Commissioner and County Auditor.

AN exchange thus speaks of young Grant Fred. Grant who graduates at West Point this year, smokes, says nothing, is obstinate and perhaps takes gifts, like his father, and he will not hear the old Prexy talked about slightingly. Some time ago he pitched into a brother cadet who had make sarcastic allusions to his father, and was so badly whipped as to be laid up for several days. A second and third time he tried it with the same result, but venturing upon a fourth encounter he came off victorious.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette

DECORATION NIGHT.

BY ROSE WILDE.

(THE DECORATED.)

Breathe o'er them softly, O winds of the night,
Sigh not the breath of one ch-p-et so bright!
Long may it linger, the incense of flowers,
Around the green graves of these heroes of ours.

Fall on them gently, O dews of the night!
Mingle with roses your crystals of light.
Mildew and blight keep far, far away
From the lily and myrtle weaved here to-day.

Shine on them tenderly, stars of the night!
Down from the marvelous regions of light.
Faithful and long are the vigils you keep—
Watch still another fear over their sleep.

Carry back swiftly, O wings of the night!
Up to the battlements, flashing with light,
Tidings like these—Columbia's tears
Of gratitude shine through the mists of the years.

(THE UNDECORATED.)

Breathe o'er them softly, O winds of the night!
Freighted with fragrance from valley and height.
Linger and fan them, o'er wildwood and plain.
For Love may not know all the graves of the slain.

Weep o'er them gently, O dews of the night!
For human tears, gi ving with tenderness might,
Hath never yet consecrated the mounds where
they sleep
Unknown to their country! Then weep, dew-drop, weep!

Shine down so tenderly, stars of the night!
Well do ye know when they fell in the fight!
Proudly they cherished the banner of stars;
Guard them then tenderly, resting from wars!

Carry back lovingly wings of the night
Tidings of them, for the angels delight
To wave of the Asphodel fade ess and fair,
Crowns for the unknown true-hearted to wear.

PETERSBURG, O., May 30, 1871.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

ORCHARD GRASS.

The more I become acquainted with this grass the better I like it. Not the least among its merits is its hardiness. It stood the hot, dry weather last summer better than any other valuable grass with which I am familiar. It should be sowed thick, I think two bushels is not too much seed for an acre; and it must be cut early, but it is in full bloom, to have the hay the best quality. On rich moist land it is as sure to yield three crops in a year, as is red top to give one. Unlike clover, it never inclines to blossom but once in a season. The second and third crops are mostly leaves, and the best feed for cows in winter I ever grew. It is a good grass to sow in early spring with clover, but without grain. Two good crops of leafy hay may be counted on the first year, and three crops a year afterwards, as long as the land will carry it out. I believe it the best of grasses to sow where I intend to keep the crop up by top dressing. The dressing should be spread immediately after removing the hay, and should be well bushed down, then the new crop will come up and in a very few days, cover the ground and keep it from drying. I would recommend it to any one who is not afraid to begin haying the last of May or the first of June. By the 10th of June it is in full bloom in this latitude, and past its best conditions for hay. I have grown it five years, and like it so well that I intend to sow it this spring on the whole of my reclaimed meadow.—*New England Farmer.*

AMERICAN GRAPES.

A correspondent of the Boston *Spectator*, after a late trip through the wine growing countries of Europe, is convinced that American grape-growers follow too servilely the practices of European culture. It is well known that the European grapes can be grown upon this continent only on the Pacific slope, where the climatic conditions resemble those of the western coast of the Eastern continent. Our native grapes require an entirely different class of conditions, would naturally be expected to require a different treatment. Our excessive pruning, for example, is thought by many to seriously cripple the productive power of American grapes. To test this matter for himself, this writer in the *Spectator* commenced to vary the treatment of his own grapes from the imported methods. He now raises his trellises to the height of twelve feet, and trains his vines so as to produce the heaviest fruitage at the top of the trellises. He finds that their elevation above the ground, and subsequent greater exposure to the sun's rays, secures them from rot and mildew. While those diseases, with leaf-blight and tendency of the fruit to bursting, affect to a considerable extent the vineyards of his neighbors, he is entirely without annoyance on that score.

OSAGE ORANGE SEED.

We have quite frequently stated the manner of treating the seed of Osage Orange, yet as several new subscribers send us inquiries about it, we reply briefly. The seed is to be soaked in blood-warm water for a week, changing the water every day. At the end of the week turn off the water and cover the seed with thick woolen cloths in order to keep them moist, and set them near the stove until they sprout. Examine the seed daily, and stir them with the hand. When minute sprouts appear just breaking through, the seed should be sown. The seed-bed should be good, light, rich land, and the seeds be sown as early as possible. Sow in drills, two inches deep and a foot apart, putting about twenty-five seeds to the foot, and covering before the seed is dry. The young plants should be carefully weeded and cultivated during the summer, and thinned wherever they are crowded. In the fall the plants are taken up, assorted into sizes, and heeled-in.—*American Agriculturist.*

DO NOT NEGLECT THE YOUNG GRAFTS.

It should not be forgotten that grafts, which have been set this spring, when they once fairly start to grow mostly go ahead rapidly, and becoming laden with leaves, and the hold they have upon the stock being very slender, they frequently break off. Birds will also light upon them and their added weight snaps them. They, therefore, should be attended to and pruned, when they have shot eight to ten inches, by one-half. They usually make better branches by this abscission, and in no event is there any injury. Grafts set last spring should also be examined, and where the wax has become loose and fallen away, or where the split has widened, additional wax should be supplied, otherwise the water gaining entrance will either kill or weaken them, giving them an unsightly appearance and at least stunting them perhaps years. Sometimes they never recover from it.

PLANT TREES—AN IMMEDIATE SATISFACTION.

We do not mean fruit trees merely, for those you will be likely to plant for the sake of the fruit. But plant shade trees. Do not neglect it—plant them now in the present spring time. Do not argue that it takes them too long to grow, and that you will not live to enjoy them. There is an immediate satisfaction in seeing them begin to grow and stretch forth their green branches. And it is not unpleasant to think that the small elm and oak which you now put into the ground will live when you are dead, and that your children and grandchildren will sit under their shade and bless you for its coolness.

GRASSING A TERRACE OR BANK.

"To use the most improved method for covering a bank of earth with grass there is just one satisfactory way," if time and uniformity of the surface are important. This is to cover it with sod, taken from a road side or an old pasture-field. A heavy seeding of white clover and red-top will make a good finish where the soil does not wash and gully away; but alone they are hardly reliable for terrace work. Upon very steep surfaces the turf may be held in place by means of wooden pins driven through it into the bank. Pieces of lath, a foot long, answer the purpose very well.

PLANTING EVERGREENS.

Suel Foster, at the Eastern Iowa Horticultural Society, said that after planting fruit trees, nothing was of more importance than the planting of evergreens. They are objects of real beauty, besides making the very best wind breaks. He would not have evergreens trimmed up he wants the branches on the ground. The only requisite to successful transplanting is, never to let the roots become dry during or subsequent to planting.

STIMULATING HENS TO LAY WHILE MOULTING.

According to a good authority in poultry raising, it is considered inexpedient to encourage hens to lay while moulting. When, new feathers are forming the ovary usually remains perfectly dormant, and in fact sometimes becomes greatly reduced in size. When, however, the feathers are renewed, if a hen be judiciously fed, and in good health, the process of eggs will soon recommence.

POISONING OF CATTLE BY ACORNS.

It is stated that cattle died by scores in Gloucestershire, England, during the past fall, from having eaten acorns that had fallen off during a gale. When once taken ill, death followed more or less quickly in each case, no remedy being sufficient to allay the resulting inflammation. The poison appeared to induce a blackening and rotting away of the mucous membrane.

CALOMEL A POISON FOR MICE.

A preparation of one part calomel, five parts of wheat flour, one part of sugar, and one-tenth of a part of ultramarine, all mixed together in fine powder and placed in a dish, is said to be a most efficient poison for mice.

A correspondent of the Cincinati *Gazette* says: Say to E. C. S., of Clermont county, Ohio, that if his wheat is killed by the frost, and he wishes still to secure a crop, he can do so by cutting the present growth soon after it is killed and take it off the ground. The roots will sprout immediately, and if the season is favorable he will have a tolerably good crop. Or, if his ground is free from foul stuff, and rich, he can carry the roots over to the next season. And if the frost does not damage it he can secure a good crop by simply cutting it off and not allowing it to grow and ripen this season. The straw cut from time to time will make the best of food for cattle or horses.

THE potato-bug has appeared in the neighborhood of Georgetown, Ohio.

THE STRONGEST TESTIMONY

Of any to be found in favor of any medicine that we have ever known, is that which we have recorded in the GAZETTE for the past year corroborative of the extraordinary powers of Dr. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER. Not simply here or there a case that set at naught all other tried remedies and compunds, but cases in every part of the city or vicinity, whose violence had defied every known means of cure. Dr. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER seems to possess almost talismanic virtues, equalled only by the extraordinary skill of the Doctor himself, when brought to bear against the inroads and ravages of disease. We have the pleasure herewith to append another certificate of cure by one of our most reliable citizens, which we commend to the notice of the afflicted:

To DR. GEO. H. KEYSER:

SIR: Permit me to return to you my sincere thanks for the time, labor and expense which you have given in the search of that great combination of curatives which you have so wisely concentrated in your unequalled BLOOD SEARCHER.

I have used it in my family for the past two years with unfailing success and am fully convinced that it saved the life of one member of my family.

In cases of debility, of scrofula, of diseases of the eye, or any disorganization of the digestive organs, or of the blood, it has no equal.

I cheerfully bear my unsolicited testimony to its efficacy and powerful curative properties, and would unhesitatingly recommend it to the afflicted.

JOHN H. SAWYER,
No. 45 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sold by the Gross, Dozen, or Single Bottle, at Dr. Keyser's Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street. Dr. Keyser's Consultation Rooms for all obstinate chronic diseases in the rear of his great medicine store, 167 Liberty street, from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

NOW THEY ARE FRESH.

Fresh arrival—Just received, 50 cases St. Louis Michigan Water. 25 cases of Hathorn Saratoca Water. 10 cases of High Rock Congress Water. 10 barrels Blue Lick Water. Just received direct from the Springs. James E. Burns a Co.'s Drug Store and Mineral Water Depot, corner Penn and sixth streets, (old St. Clair.)

N. B.—Where you will find the finest Minera Water in the city, Kissengen, Vichy, Blue Lick and Congress on draught, drawn from the marble founts, and one of the finest west of New York city.

Remember at James E. Burns & Co.'s, cor. Penn and Sixth streets. my29

A PITIFUL CONDITION.

It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain; but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow-beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs rousing and strengthening: not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever, (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to) but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century, is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain-head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeble frame of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its health influence. A spectre will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Persevere until the cure is complete—until healthful blood, fit to be the material of the muscle and muscle, bone and nerve, and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery pabulum with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished. my5

SELLERS'
Imperial Cough Syrup

Has given relief to thousands who have used it, and the proprietor is persuaded that it has the power to confer benefit on all who may be claimed for the cough mixtures in general use.

Most of the mixtures sold for coughs are composed of spirituous and inflammatory articles, which, while they give little relief, really do harm.

THE IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP,
Contains no spirituous ingredients whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment.

Lindsays Impr'd Blood Searcher.

Cures Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Scald Heads, Mercurial Diseases, Debility, Salt Rheum, etc.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.

One house in Massachusetts sold fifty bottles JOHNSTON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND with the agreement, NO CURE, MONEY REFUNDED, and had only three bottles refunded. Why endure aching limbs and stiff joints when there is such a certain remedy.

Sold by all Druggists.

PREPARED ONLY BY
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
TTHS No. 45 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &
VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.

☞ Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

100 bbls. Calcined Plaster, 1,000 bbls. Louisville Cement, for sale by J. H. CANFIELD, my13 141 First avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25					$2.00
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10	25					$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00

These are the LEADING PRICES AT EVANS' DEPARTMENT STORE, 56 Fifth Avenue, MASONIC HALL.

STEAM HEATING.
Craig Brothers,
129 SECOND AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

Are prepared to contract for heating with the unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildings by indirect or direct radiation.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gold's Patent Cast Iron Radiator.

Would refer to the following buildings heated by us:
PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE,
LIBRARY HALL BUILDINGS,
KEMPLE'S DRY GOOD HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY COUNTY COURT HOUSE
SECOND WARD SCHOOL BUILDING.

With Numerous Private Buildings. ap28:r32-TTh

MULES AND HORSES FOR SALE.

15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROAN and ENTIRY PIT MULES.
5 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 light DRIVING HORSES.
For sale by
B. SMITH.
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C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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WILLIAM
165, 167 and 169 Fed
Popular Prices.

Plain and Figured Genadines.
Plain Black Hernanis.
Plain and Plaid Japanese Cloth.
Plain, Plaid and Figured Japanese Silks.
Plain and Plaid Japanese Silk Robes.
Glace and Gros Grain Black Silks.
Trimming Silks and Satins, all colors.
Plain and Corded Silk Poplins.
Chene Mixed Mohairs.
Black and Colored Alpacas, very cheap.

AT 12½ CENTS.

Plain & Fig'd Grenadines

12½c., Good Styles Light Delaines.
12½c., Wash Poplins.
12½c., Plaid Nankinets.
25c., Plain and Plaid Japanese Cloths.
37½c, Black and Colored Mohair Alpacas.
10c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin.
12½c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin, extra good.
Cassimeres, Jeans and Gottonades for Men and Boys' Wear.
Men's Calico, Chintz and White Shirts.
Men's Underwear, Neck Ties.
Hosiery, Gloves, &c.,

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

SUITS, SUITS,
Lawn Suits,
Linen Suits.

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.

We take pleasure in announcing that we are receiving a full and choice line of

Lawn and Linen Suits,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ALL NEW STYLES
IN
Lama Lace Sacques,
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A FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Spring Shawls,
Black Silks,
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Pure Silks,
IN BLACK AND WHITE.
LACE CURTAINS AND NETS.
Silk Mantles,
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AT LOW PRICES.
21 Fifth Avenue.
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BAILEY & CO
Chestnut and 12th Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA,
JEWELERS & SILVERSMITHS,

Have completed arrangements with leading Makers in Europe, by which they are now enabled to offer

Fine Watches,
At very moderate prices.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
Goods sent by Express on approval.
Strangers are cordially invited to visit our establishment.

Watches.
TTHS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
SEMPLE'S,
eral Street, Allegheny.

NEW GOODS.

New Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
New Hat and Bonnets.
Latest styles in Sun Hats.
Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons.
Bonnet Ribbons and Flowers.
Dace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Traveling Satchels.

At 25c. School Hats.

SHAWLS AND SKIRTS.

$2. Light Woolen Shawls.
75c., Ladies' White Skirts, a great bargain.
65c., Ladies' Light Summer Skirts.
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White Goods and Embroideries.

Striped and Figured P. K's.
Nainsooks, Jaconets, Swisses, &c.
Ladies' and Children's Linen Suits.
The stock is complete in every department.

At Very Low Prices.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

"AKRON SEWER PIPE CO.,"
(Late Hill & Adams,)

Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both ring and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest pr

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

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$100,000

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION.)

These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1858, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.

For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

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James T. Brady & Co.,

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Financial Agents of United States FOR FUNDED LOAN Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 7, 1871.

The stock market is strong to-day with Lake Shore and Rock Island as the leaders of the list. A meeting of the directors of the Lake Shore has been called for Thursday, this week, when the subject of a scrip dividend in the form of an issue of $15,000,000 of new stock, a part to be paid for by the old stockholders and the remainder given them as a dividend, will be considered. The fluctuations in the leading stocks have been as follows: Rock Island, 124@124¼; Lake Shore, 115¾@115⅝; New York Central and Hudson, 97⅛@98⅜; Northwest, 85¼@86⅜; and Western Union, 56⅝@58. The miscellaneous shares have also been active and strong.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
Bonds—1881	117½	117¾
5-20—1862	112	112
" 1864	111¾	112
" 1865	111¾	112
" 1865 new	114¾	114¾
" 1867	114¼	114¼
1868	114¼	114¾
10-40s	110	110
Currency 6s	112¾	112¾
Gold	112⅝	112⅝
RAILWAYS		
New York Central	98¼	98⅜
Do Scrip	93¾	93¾
Erie	29¾	30¼
Reading	111	111
Lake Shore	115¾	115¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	118	118
Rock Island	124⅛	124⅜
Chicago & N W	86¼	86⅜
Do. Preferred	96⅜	96⅜
Mo. Pacific Common	61¾	61¾
Preferred	80⅝	81
Wabash	41¾	41¾
Do. Preferred	83	81
Ohio & Mississippi	47¾	47¾
Pacific Mail	47¾	47¾
West. Union Telegraph	59	58¾
Adams Express	80¾	80¾
U. S. Express	53¾	53¾
Wells, Fargo	45	45

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	112¾	8-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	114¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	117¾	8-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	114¾
U. S. 5-20 1862	112	8-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	114¾
U. S. 5-20 1864	112	C. P. U. R.	91¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	112	C. P. R. R.	102¾
U. S. 10-40	110	Cy. Pacifics	115¾

NEW YORK, June 7, 1871.

Gold steady at 112⅝@112¾. The following rates were paid for use: 1-16, 3-32 ⅛, 7-64, 5-64, 1-32 and 1-64 of one per cent. per day. Clearances, ninety-two millions. Governments dull and firm, without any material change. Offering at the Treasury purchase were $1,964,400, at from 111-40 to 111-86. Awards, one million, from 111-40 to 111-63. Stocks have been firm, with Rock Island, Lake Shore and Erie the principal features. The market closed steady. State bonds firm, with limited business. Money easy at 3 and 4 per cent.

Sterling exchange 110¾.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.—Coupons 1881, 117¾; 5-20's, 1862, 112; '64, 112; '65, 112; new, 114¼; '67, 114¼; '68, 114¾; 10-40's, 110; currency 6's, 115⅜.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri 95½; Tennessee, old, 71¾; do new 71¾; Virginia new 72; do old 68; N. C. old 47¾; do new 29¾.

RAILROAD STOCKS.—Western Union Telegraph, 58¾; Quicksilver, 13; Mariposa, 5; do preferred, 8¾; Adams Express, 80¾; Wells & Fargo Express, 45; American do, 56; United States do, 52¾; Pacific Mail, 43¾; New York Central, 98¼; Erie, 30¼; Reading, 111; Hudson, 98¾; Harlem, 135¾; do pref'red, 134; Reading, 117; Michigan Central, 124¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 118; Northwestern, 86¼; do preferred, 96¾; Rock Island, 124¾; New Jersey Central, 103½; St. Paul, 61¾; do preferred, 81; do Wabash, 83¾; do preferred, 82; Fort Wayne, 99¾; Terre Haute, 28; do preferred 60; Chicago & Alton, 119¾; do preferred, 123; Ohio & Mississippi, 47¾; Ohio C., 80½; Baltimore & Ohio, 156; Lake Shore, 115¾; Illinois Central, 135¾; Union Pacific, 33¾; Central Pacific bonds, 102¾; Union Pacific bonds, 91¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 7, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@4¾; refined do. 4¾@4¾; Pearls, 9¾@9¾; Pots, 7¾@7¾.

BUTTER—While the receipts continue light the supply still seems to be fully up to the demand and the market is very dull and prices barely maintained; 12@14 for fair to good and 15@16 for prime to choice. The peddlers and farmers seem to be able to supply present requirements, and, consequently, there is very little inquiry for commission butter. Grease Butter still quoted at 9@10 cts.

BEANS—There is some little inquiry for prime navy but common do not seem to be wanted at any price; the former may be quoted at $2.

BROOM CORN—Dull and unchanged.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 30@32 cts.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@2.75 per bbl. Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25 @4.50.

CANNED GOODS—We are reported sales of Tomatoes at $2.25@2.35; and Corn at $2.25@2.35. Peaches, $3.25@3.50 for 3 lb cans, and $2.25@ 2.50 for 2 lb cans.

CARBON OIL—Is firm and higher, though the jobbing trade, as is usually the case at this season of the year, does not amount to much. Standard brands may now be quoted at 24 cts —usual advance for small lots.

CHEESE—Dull but unchanged; prime Goshen, 13¼@14, prime Factory, 12½@13; Dairy, 11@12.

COUNTRY BACON—Continues very dull but unchanged; shoulders, 6@6½; ribbed sides, 7 @7¾; Hams, 10@12. Country Lard, 9@10.

CORN MEAL—We can report small sales at $2.20 cts per bushel.

EGGS—Continue to arrive pretty freely and with no improvement in the demand, the stock is again accumulating and holders generally are anxious to realize. Fresh packed may be quoted at 16, though some dealers are still asking 17.

FRUITS—We are reported sales of new crop green apples, at $7@9 per bbl. Dried Fruit quiet and unchanged. Apples, 5@7 cts per lb; peaches, 10@11c for quarters; 11@12 cts for pared and 13@14c for halves. Oranges scarce and higher both here and in the east; we now quote at $7.00@7.50 per box; Lemons $6.50@7; Turkey Prunes 10c. Currants 10@ 10¾. Layer Raisins, $3 per box; Valencia's 12½@13 cts per lb.

FLOUR—Is firm, indeed the feeling seems to be stronger than it has been yet, as dealers generally are impressed with the belief, in view of the high price of wheat, that there can be no material decline within the next thirty days; it is also equally conceded that flour is relatively lower than wheat, and, furthermore, that flour is almost as cheap here, relatively, as it is in the West. We continue to quote red winter wheat at $7.00@7.25; white wheat at $7.50; good spring extras, $7.00 and choice baker's flour, $7.25. Rye Flour, $6, in a small way.

FEATHERS—Quiet and unchanged; No. 1 live geese feathers, 74@75.

GRAIN—Wheat continues scarce and the receipts light, but there is no change to make in quotations; $1.45@1.48 for red and $1.50@ 1.58 for white. Wheat is worth as much in some of the western markets as it is here, and this accounts for the deminished receipts from that source—it has been worth more in Cincinnati for several days. Oats firm but unchanged, 60@62 buying, and 63@64 selling—small lots 65@66. It is rather remarkable that oats are worth more here relatively than in the east; Philadelphia, 67@68; New York, 65@ 69—this being the case it is not likely that there will be any further advance here, and, besides, as noted in our last report, they can now be brought here from Chicago. Corn continues very dull, with considerable on the market and but little inquiry for it; we continue to quote at 65c for shelled car, 67@68 for mixed shelled and 69@7 c for prime yellow sheled; we are reported two cars of mixed shelled at 67c delivered, considered equivalent to 68c on spot. Rye very quiet—market almost bare; we hear of an occasional small sale at $1.

GROCERIES—The grocery market continues quiet, and is likely to remain so for next thirty days. Coffees are still reported dull in the east, particularly in New York, and with a steady accummulation in stocks, and no improvement in the demand the tendency continues downward. Sugars steady and moderately active but unchanged and devoid of any new features. Molasses and Syrups dull and Rice is a shade easier under influence of increased offerings.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 18½; Prime, 17½; Good, 16½; Fair, 16; Roasting, 15½@16.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS — White Honey, 72; Havana Y. & Edora, 72; Silver Drips, 90; Louisrings, 65; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 11¼; good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¼; Porto Rico Sugars, 10¾@11¾; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11¾ @12¾.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14; A Coffee, 13; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1.40; Good, At 95c Fair 85. Lower grades down to 70cts. Oolong fancy, $1.05; good, 90cts; fair, 75c. Gunpowder fancy, $1.20; good, 90c; fair, 75c. Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¾c; good, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 23c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 30c. Cassia, 55c.

HAY—Is selling from country wagons at $16@23, according to quality and condition. Baled, on wharf, $17@19.

HIDES—Quoted at 7¾@7¾ cts.

HEMP—Rough Kentucky, $175 per ton; dressed, 14 cts per lb.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $3.25 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

MILL FEED—Sales from store, in a jobbing way, at $1.40@1.50 for Bran; $1.65@1.85 for Middlings and $2.50 for oil meal.

OILS—Lard Oil continues dull and weak, and prices lower; we now quote No. 1 Extra at 80@85.

POTATOES—Continue to arrive pretty freely, and the market is easier though not quotably lower; we continue to quote at $1.10 @1.20 by the car load, and $1.25@1.30 for small lots in store.

PEA NUTS—Quiet and unchanged at 10@ 10¾ cts.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 7@7¾; ribbed sides, 9; clear sides, 10; canvassed sugar cured shoulders, 10@10¾; do hams, 14½@15. Breast Pork, canvassed, 13. Dried Beef, in @19. Lard, in tes, 11 cts; in kegs and buckets, 12. Mess Pork, $17.00@17.50.

POULTRY—Dull but unchanged; live Chickens by the coop, at 6@7½ cts per pair.

SEEDS—There is little or no inquiry for either Clover or Timothy Seeds and the season may be regarded as over. Flaxseed is scarce and wanted—may be quoted firm at $2.30@2.35.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4¾ cts.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 7, 1871.

The oil market opened strong and continued firm until towards evening when it became easier, under the influence of advices to the effect that New Yorkers had commenced to sell, and there are those who are impressed with the belief that there will be a reaction particularly in crude, before the close of the month, in view of the recent heavy settlements. If reports are true, from 25,000 to 50,000 bbls have been settled every day this week in the oil regions, and if it keeps on, the shorts will be pretty well covered by the 1st of July, and consequently there will not be as much oil required as has been expected. Moreover, it is rumored that the Erie clique, understood to be largely short, have agreed to settle with a heavy operator on the creek, and furthermore that he agrees to lend them his oil, which they will slash upon the market with a view of knocking the props from under it.

Notwithstanding there has been considerable excitement in the petroleum market and a largely increased volume of business within the past six weeks, yet the general tone of the trade is by no means satisfactory, particularly to manufacturers; and while there is not so much difference now as there was yet, as has been the case all this year, crude is h gher relatively than refined. A communication appears in the Titusville Courier, under the *nom de plume* of refiner, which is worthy of attention, coming as it does from a refiner in the Oil Regions. He starts out by saying "that all the refineries in the country have been doing a losing business this season, that there has been little or no margin of profit since last December" all of which is true "But" he continues "with all this before them, refiners still continue to run their works, and hoping 'that perhaps a change for the better may come.' It is then claimed that while there are many reasons for this unsatisfactory state, the most prominent one of which is this —"there are too many refineries. There are in the Oil Regions, Pittsburgh, Cleveland and New York, three times the capacity necessary to refine all the oil that is daily produced. Last year the profits were reasonably good; so good, that with the expected increase in production new refineries had been erected, and preparations for more business have been made. But last fall there was much more refined oil in the market than was needed, provided the refineries should generally be kept running. Now most of the oil works throughout the country still continue to run, except at temporary intervals.

"From October till January following there was a perceptible gradual decrease of marginal profit. Since the first of January there has been no time when the relative prices of crude and refined would at all enable the refiner in a legitimate business to make any money. With a increase in the average daily production of over two thousand barrels from January first to May first, there was during this time no reduction, an increase of stocks of over 135,000 barrels."

The article concludes as follows: "Various remedies for this unfortunate condition of affairs might be suggested. One thing is certain, just so long as all the refineries in the country are kept running, at the present rates of production and consumption, so long will the price of refined hold at a low figure. If one-third of the refining interests could buy out the other two-thirds, and if no new works should be built, a good compensation we might be realized in the business. Or if the refiners in the country would form one comprehensive association, for general concert of action, and the adoption of such rules as would lead to mutual protection, the business of refining oil might be made reasonably lucrative. If refineries should be kept running only one-third of the time, and a profit of five cents a gallon on crude which would be a small thing to the consumer—a fair profit at the business could be realized. But as matters are now, and are most tending, unless something shall be done by refiners to protect themselves in the future, we may expect at no distant day some financial funerals."

CRUDE.

No sales for Pittsburgh delivery, and, as the most of the purchases are now being made above, there seems to be no established quotation for Lolly Creek here. As compared with yesterday, prices are higher; sales: 1,000 bbls spot, at Parker, at $5.35; 500 do. at $5.32½ and 500 at Foster, at $5.35.

REFINED.

But a single sale reported, 500 bbls June, at 26¼. In the afternoon June quoted at 26¼@ 26½ and July at 26¾. There seems to be no disposition to either buy or sell at present beyond July.

OIL BARRELS.

Weak and lower. Country make, $1.75, at depot, and city make, $1.85, in shops. Three cts. are made additional when delivered, according to the distance to be hauled.

OIL RECEIPTS BY A. V. R. R.

Commercial Oil Works 40, account T M Perry; Union O W 80, account Bates & G; Citizens O W 40, account same; Forsyth's O W 474, account same; Standard O W 74, account same; Standard O W 221, account J B Barbour; Commercial O W 74, account same; Sunbeam O W 74, account same; Eagle O W 148, account same; Forsyth's O W 450, account C D Angell. Total.....2,075

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & W. P. R. R.

Montzheimer & Koehler & Co., 510 bbls ref. oil to Warden King & Co., Phila.

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From	New York.	Philadel.	Hest'rville	Baltimore.	Columbia.	Total bbls.
Parker						
Scrubgrass						
Foster						
Cochran						
Franklin						
Emlenton						
Total bbls			480			480

[By P. & A. Telegraph Line.]

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1 P. M.—Market held firm; June refined 26¾c 26¼ bid; 1,000 bbls sold at 26¾c. Crude 15c bid, 15¾@15⅝c asked.

OIL CITY, June 7—11 A. M.—Market quiet and nominal; on Lower Creek $5.30 to $5.35 bid; at Oil City $5.40 to $5.45 asked. Weather clear and hot.

PARKERS, June 7—11:30 A. M.—Market very firm; holders not disposed to sell; asking $5.30 to $5.40. The Flint Lock Well, owned by Hon. S. A. Purviance, of Pittsburgh, Dr. Crawford, and others, is going about thirty barrels a day.

TIDIOUTE, June 7—2 P. M.—Market quiet and strong, and held at about $5. Weather cloudy and cool.

TITUSVILLE, June 6—9 P. M.—The market was firmer to-day and holders of oil were asking an advance of from ten to twenty cents, at which buyers were not plenty. It was in most cases paid by parties who became purchasers on the Lower Creek. From $5.10 to $5.25 was bid, with sellers at $5.20@5.25 on the Upper Creek; $5 was the ruling price; sellers were generally asking $5.30@5.40. The market closed firm. We quote the following sales on Upper Creek: 3000 bbls buyer's option 1st 6 months at $5.32½; 2000 at $5.10; 1000 regular at $5.05; 1500 spot at $5. On Lower Creek 2000 spot at $4.90; 3000 spot at $5.15; 3000 buyer's option June at $5.35; 5000 buyer's option June $5.15; 900 buyer's option 1st 6 months at $5.25; 5000 seller's option 90 day s at $5.30. At Rouseville 500 spot at $5.15; 1000 spot at $5.20; 1000 spot at $5.25. At Oil City 2000 spot at $5.40; 1000 spot at $5.25; 2000 spot at $5.40. At Petroleum Centre 1500 at $5.20. A settlement of 10,000 bbls on the Lower Creek on cash were made on a basis of $5.25.

12 M.—Market very firm. No sales of spot oil, but there were settlements of about 30,000 bbls made this morning. Prices nominally at $5@5.05. Weather clear and warm.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY, June 7, 1871.

EAST LIBERTY.

CATTLE.

The offerings thus far this week have been liberal, considerably in excess of the same time last week, and with continued unfavorable advices from the east and only a moderate demand, the market is weak and, since this date of our last report, prices have still further declined, say fully half a cent. As will be seen, out of between 450 and 500 head sold, 5¼ cts is the highest price reported, and there was but a single bunch sold at that figure, the rest having been sold at 5¾ and under; and furthermore, the indications at present are that the bottom has not yet been touched, that there will be a still further decline. So far as we could learn, nearly if not all the cattle sold here this week lost money for their owners, some of them a good deal of it; Sales were made below what they cost in the west; notwithstanding the shrinkage, however, there is no material falling off in the receipts which would indicate that the western men have not much confidence in an improvement, otherwise, they would hold back and wait for it.

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Harbison to Delone	18	20,020	5 12
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Johnston to Gallagher	4	4,780	5 00
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McGeehan to Moore	34	39,350	5 20
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Kirkp

HOME NEWS.

Persons leaving the city for summer resorts can have the Daily GAZETTE mailed to them by leaving their addresses at our counting room.

Lincoln Club.—The formal opening of the new Lincoln Club Rooms, at No. 68 Smithfield street, will take place this evening. A general invitation is given to all Republicans, and we hope a goodly number will find their way there at eight o'clock.

Letters retained for postage yesterday: Franks, Lyle J., Marietta, O., 3c. Hertze, Kate A., New Brighton, Pa., 3c. Hyrle, Annie, Youngstown, O., 3c. Landis, J. H., Millville, Pa., 3c. McNicholas, Annie, Parkersburg, Va., 3c. Steele & Johnson Button Company, New York, 1c.

Free Vaccination.—C. C. Lange, M. D., of 162 Centre avenue, will vaccinate, free of charge, all who are unable to pay, at his office on Tuesday and Thursday, 13th and 15th of this month, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M. Parents may rest assured as to the freshness and purity of the virus employed. (Office 162 Centre avenue.)

Painful Accident.—Mr. DeRoy, pawnbroker, doing business on Smithfield street, between Fourth and Diamond, met with a painful accident last night about nine o'clock. He was showing a pistol, which was loaded, to a customer, when by some means it became discharged in his hand, completely severing the forefinger from his left hand.

Worthy notice.—We notice with pleasure the election of David Duncan, Jr., as First Lieutenant. Third company Duquesne Greys, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of John H. McMasters. Mr. D. was a brave soldier during the war and is a most estimable young man, and one in every way qualified for the position to which he has been chosen. He will undoubtedly make a mark for himself that will be creditable.

Special Notice.—Rev. Dr. Robert G. Cather, LL.D., of England, General Secretary of the American and International Christian Moral Science Association Constituent Congress, hereby invites the Protestant clergymen of Pittsburgh to dine with him to-day (Thursday, the 8th inst.), at 1:30 p. m., at the Union Depot Hotel. After dinner he will address them on his mission. He is accompanied by the Rev. Dr. Granville Moody, of Cincinnati, O.

Once More.—We call attention to the great depot of grain, flour and feed stuffs at No. 347 Liberty street, Laing & McKallip, proprietors. This firm has extensive arrangements with various points in the country from which their stock is replenished by daily arrivals. Their facilities in this way, and the close attention given to keeping the supply and quantity up and the prices down, has enabled them to build up an extensive trade, which, from their prompt and correct manner of conducting their business, is likely to increase more and more. So may it be, they deserve it.

In a Strange Land.

One of the saddest cases of death which has occurred in this city for some time, took place on Saturday night last, to Mr. 25S Penn street, the sadness consisting mainly in the fact that the deceased was an Englishman, but recently arrived in this country, and without a single relative in the United States. Shortly before midnight of Saturday, Harry Waller, a young man but over 20 years of age, passed away, after but nine days sickness. Mr. Waller came to Pittsburgh, we think, in the fall of last year, and was shortly after his arrival engaged as a clerk in the store of Sands & Reineman. He remained until about three months ago when he took a similar position in Mr. Putnam's gent's furnishing store on Fifth avenue. On Tuesday of last week Mr. Waller complained of being sick, and the same evening took to his bed. His complaint was pronounced to be typhoid fever, and this fearful disease took such a hold upon his strong constitution that its result was (as is so often the case) fatal. His remains were taken charge of by his late employer, Mr. Lawrence Sands, and at that gentleman's expense, respectably interred in Hilldale Cemetery. His funeral was largely attended, and the services at the house and grave conducted by the Revs. Messrs. Scarborough, Pearce and Clarke.

Mr. Waller, during his short sojourn in this city, had made many friends. He was a man of education and culture, of noble disposition, sincere in all his friendships, and a kind, genial, whole-souled gentleman. Very many who knew and respected him will be surprised to hear of his untimely death, and all must sympathize with his bereaved family in England who have yet to learn that their dear one's dust must mingle with that of a strange land.

A SUB-MARINE VISIT.

A Bather Gets Beyond his Depth—He is Under Water Ten Minutes Before Being Rescued.

Elmer Wolbert and his father who reside in S., Clair borough, Beaver county, went into the river to bathe on Tuesday evening. Neither could swim and Elmer unfortunately got beyond his depth. A man named Kuhn, who was near at the time took immediate measures to recover the body which he supposed would be lifeless, and succeeded in doing so after it had been under for ten minutes. A party of men were passing assisted in the apparently hopeless work of resuscitation, and after a half hour's labor the lad was discovered to be still "alive," and in fact he was soon able to walk to his home and was none the worse for his aquatic excursion save being slightly lightheaded.

FALL OF A HOUSE.

Seven Persons in the Ruins—Miraculous Escape—No One Hurt.

Yesterday morning at 5¼ o'clock, a house on Prospect street, Allegheny, belonging to Mr. Ch. Leutzer, fell to the ground burying seven persons in the ruins. All of the family but Mr. Leutzer were in bed at the time, and so sudden was the catastrophe that no time was given for escape.

Prospect street has been lately graded and this building was left standing almost ten feet above the level of the street. It was supported by blocks with the intention of ultimately placing another story under it. It is surmised that the rain of the night before weakened the supports and thus it was easily overturned by the gale of yesterday morning. Strangely enough no one in the building was killed, and in fact the only injury done was sustained by a baker, which received a slight cut above the eye. Every article of furniture was literally smashed in pieces, and it seems miraculous that no loss of life or limb was occasioned by the disaster.

ATTEMPTED OUTRAGE.

A Smithfield Street Grocer Before Alderman McMasters—He Is Charged with Attempt to Violate the Persons of two Misses.

Joseph Reinhardt lodged an information before Alderman McMasters on Tuesday, against Frederick Gable, charging him with an attempted outrage upon the person of his daughter aged thirteen years. Annie Reinhardt, another daughter, also made an information against Gable upon a similar charge. Reinhardt is proprietor of a saloon on Smithfield street, and Gable is one of his boarders. The attempt upon the younger daughter was made on Tuesday, and upon the other about a week since, but Annie fearing the disgrace did not divulge it until the same charge was attempted on her sister.

A hearing in the case was held in Mr. McMaster's office yesterday morning and Gable released upon giving bail, four thousand dollars, which he readily procured. He believed himself innocent at the time, but learning the enormity of his guilt after words, used on a bail-piece, and he was again arrested. He is now in jail, awaiting trial on both cases.

A SAD CASE.

A Dose of Laudanum—Three Days of Suffering—Death from the Poison.

Another death resulting indirectly from intemperance. The victim was Margaret Matteer, aged about forty years. She died Sunday afternoon at her late residence, No. 67 Twelfth street, under circumstances which led to the calling in of Coroner West to investigate the case.

From the testimony adduced before the Coroner's jury, she had been divorced from her husband some years past, and that since April last she had been employed as cook in the family of Mrs. Huey. She had led a very intemperate life for several years, and within a few weeks past has been drinking excessively. On Saturday, while under the influence of liquor, she took a large dose of laudanum, and from that time until about three o'clock, yesterday afternoon, at which time she died, she lay in a state of stupor. A physician was called in on Sunday, but notwithstanding every attention was given, she died as stated. Dr. Duncan, by the direction of the Coroner, held a post mortem examination and testified that death resulted from apoplexy, superinduced by excessive alcoholic stimulants, or by narcotic poisons. The jury rendered a verdict to that effect.

The deceased was the mother of a son about nineteen years of age. She was employed as cook at the house in which she died.

The Coroner's inquest was not held at the house, for the reason that the jurors when arriving there discovered the small pox to have preceded them, when they adjourned to Alderman Taylor's office and performed the duty.

THE W. A. P.

Meeting Yesterday and Election of Officers.

The Western Associated Press yesterday held their annual meeting in the Lincoln Club Rooms. The attendance was large. No business of any interest to the outside public was transacted. The proceedings were marked with harmony and good feeling. The session closed at five o'clock last evening and a number of delegates left for their homes on the 6:30 train, but the large majority accepted the invitation extended by our local press to visit the sights of our city to-day and to-morrow in an excursion through the oil regions and to Chatauqua Lake, in New York. The following gentlemen were in attendance at the meeting, most of whom will participate is the drive to-day among our manufacturing establishments:

H. N. Walker, Detroit *Free Press*.
Wm. Baker, Detroit *Post and Tribune*.
J. Medill, Chicago *Tribune*.
S. Cadwallader, Milwaukee *News*.
W. G. Roberts, Milwaukee *Sentinel*.
W. W. Coleman, Milwaukee *Herald*.
A. J. Aikens, Milwaukee *Wisconsin*.
W. W. Armstrong, Cleveland *Plaindealer*.
A. W. Fairbanks, Cleveland *Herald*.
E. Cowles, Cleveland *Leader*.
R. E. Davies, St. Paul *Pioneer*.
W. D. Bickham, Dayton *Journal*.
W. P. Fishback, Indianapolis *Journal*.
W. R. Holloway, Indianapolis *Journal*.
J. R. Bright, Indianapolis *Sentinel*.
Wm. Hyde, St. Louis *Republican*.
D. M. Houser, St. Louis *Democrat*.
E. McHenry, St. Louis *Dispatch*.
John Frew, Wheeling *Intelligencer*.
J. B. McCullagh, Chicago *Republican*.
W. W. Foster, Evansville *Journal*.
W. N. Haldeman, Louisville *Courier-Journal*.
M. Halstead, Cincinnati *Commercial*.
Ben Eggleston, Cincinnati *Times and Chronicle*.

Gen. Anson Stager, Western Union Telegraph Company.

Gentlemen representing the *Gazette*, *Post*, *Dispatch*, *Commercial* and *Chronicle* of this city.

The following officers were elected by the Association for the ensuing year:

President—H. N. Walker.
Vice President—D. M. Houser.
Secretary—H. E. Baker.

Carriages will leave the Monongahela House this morning at nine o'clock, sharp. A number of our leading establishments in the manufacturing line will be visited. To-morrow morning at 8:30 o'clock, the excursion train, composed of Pullman's Palace and refreshment cars, will leave the Allegheny Valley Railway Depot, with the members of the Press and invited guests. A very pleasant journey is anticipated.

THE BREWERS IN COUNCIL.

Their Eleventh Annual Congress—The Government Represented—Large Attendance of Delegates—What they Propose to do—First Day's Proceeding.

The Brewers of the United States were represented yesterday morning in the Congress which convened its eleventh annual session in Turner Hall, Sixth avenue.

The Congress was called to order at ten o'clock by Colonel George Gerst, President of the Pittsburgh Local Association. He being unable to speak loud enough to be clearly heard, called upon Mr. Martin Hechelmann, who delivered a neat address of welcome,—in a forcible style.

Mr. Henry Clausen in behalf of the delegates responded in a lengthy address which was well received.

A CAUSE OF COMPLAINT.

Mr. Clausen concluded by reading the address of the Executive Committee of the National Association which alluded to the efforts made to reduce the "percentage of the drawbacks allowed by law on losses of beer stamps." This, if carried out would seriously impair the prosperity of the trade, and the Brewers should unitedly oppose it and the Brewers should prepare themselves to resist Congressional oppression of this character.

The address was received with enthusiasm.

Mr. Clausen, President of the Congress then took the chair and several minor matters of business were disposed of when the Convention adjourned for dinner.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The Committee appointed to nominate Secretaries and Vice-Presidents, reported as follows: Secretaries—Wm. Eberhardt, Allegheny, and Gustavus Berger, Philadelphia.

The Committee on Credentials then presented their report, from which it appeared that over one hundred delegates were in attendance, representing nearly every State in the Union.

U. S. DELEGATE.

After calling the roll of delegates, Mr. Louis Schade, of Washington, and who is connected with the U. S. Revenue Department, was admitted as a delegate. The chair stated that Mr. S. was here to prepare a report of the proceedings for the Department at Washington, which announcement was received with applause.

Mr. Schade was introduced and in a few remarks stated that he had been sent to this Congress to report to the Department what transpired here. He was not personally known about to anything, and would do his best to further the interests of the business.

Mr. Frederick Lauer then read the report of the

COMMITTEE ON AGITATION,

detailing the vexations to which the Brewers were subjected and the efforts to have the laws repealed, but without success. In the United States Congress had adjourned without taking any action in the matter.

The Committee regretted to report the Revised Code as had been prepared by their orders had not been passed, as it would have greatly relieved the trade from vexatious interference from corrupt detectives.

The stamp law had also not proven successful and should be repealed.

The law was now so defective that no Brewer Collector could understand it, and each new Revenue Collector had his own ideas, which constantly changed the regulations, hence the necessity for a new law.

The report then contains a strong protest against the taxes now imposed upon the brewer, lands large dues in the trade with every honorable means to have the odious laws repealed, and closes with a glowing review of the trade in this country, and of the habits and customs of the German nation in the old world in relation to the use of "nutritious malt beverages," becomes the predominant element of the great American people, and their surest protection from "intemperance on the one hand and the enervating tendency of total abstinence on the other."

AUDITING COMMITTEE.

Mr. Ahlers, of New York, moved that a committee of three be appointed to examine the books of the Treasurer.

Carried, and the chair appointed Messrs. Oberman, Lawe and George Klotenzer, Jr.

AN INVITATION.

The Secretary read a letter of invitation to the members of this Convention to take part in the Brewers' Convention on the 27-29th of July, in Dresden.

Received with applause and filed.

The President read a petition from the "American Bierbrauers," the official organ of the Central Brewer Committee. On motion referred to a special committee.

AN INTERESTING EPISODE.

Mr. Bergner then stated that at the Tenth Brewers' Congress, held in Davenport, it was resolved by the brewers to give at the Eleventh Congress, held in Pittsburgh, a suitable present to the worthy President of the Brewers, Mr. Henry Clausen, Jr. He made a short but neat address, during which he was greatly affected, and presented Mr. Clausen, in the name of the Brewers' Association, with an elegant silver tea set with appropriate inscriptions.

Mr. Clausen replied, saying that on many occasions he had been is different situations, but on no occasion was he so greatly affected as on this one. He could at first hardly speak, but stated that since the day the resolution was adopted to give him a present in Davenport, he was thinking how he could thank them, but never could get words at his command to express his feelings. He was still found himself in the same situation.

Continuing, he referred to his connection with the Association as its presiding officer for the past five years, and expressed the hope that in their future intercourse might be as pleasant as their past had been.

His remarks were received with applause.

AN EXCURSION.

Some business of minor importance was then disposed of and the Congress adjourned to take a ride on the Incline Plane, which occupied the remainder of the afternoon.

The Congress will reassemble this morning at 9¾ o'clock.

THE COMMISSIONER'S TROUBLE.

A Successor to Neely Joseph Dilworth, Esq., Appointed—Another Vacancy in the Board—McGhee Retires.

The case of the Commissioners was again before the Court of Quarter Sessions yesterday morning. At the opening of Court, Judge Stone on the bench, the following order was read.

Whereas Jonathan Neely has resigned the office of County Commissioners of the County of Allegheny, and has declined further to remain in said office therefore

We the undersigned Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions, and remaining Commissioners having met, do hereby appoint Joseph Dilworth of the city of Allegheny, as Commissioner to fill said vacancy and serve until the next general election.

Witness our hands this 7th day of June A. D 1871.

JAMES P. STERRITT,
EDWIN H. STONE,
F. H. COLLIER,
Judges of the Court of Quarter Session.

JOHN A. SCOTT, Commissioner.

June 7, 1871.—The above order directed to be entered on the minutes of the Court of Quarter Sessions and the paper filed on record. By the Court.

RESIGNATION OF McGHEE.

When this order had been made, District Attorney Pearson read the following:

PITTSBURGH, June 6, 1871.—To the Hon. the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county.

I hereby respectfully resign my position as Commissioner of Allegheny County.

W. H. McGHEE.

The resignation was accepted and ordered to be filed.

The Court then proceeded with regular business.

The new Commissioner, Mr. Dilworth, was duly sworn into office by Commissioner Scott in the afternoon, and is now ready for work. Nothing will be done, however, until the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. McGee is filled.

There was a large crowd in attendance in the Criminal Court Room, the expectation being that the cases of the Commissioners would be called up. All who had indulged in this delusive hope, however, and had attended in anticipation of hearing rich developments, were disappointed. From present indications they will be still more so, as it now seems highly probable that the cases will never be tried at all.

Yesterday afternoon it was understood generally, and we have it from reliable authority, that the wrought would make his defense, in which event their cases will be the more readily disposed of. The counsel on both sides had a meeting yesterday morning, but no compromise was made farther than the prosecution agreed to submit the matter without comment to the Court.

It is said that defendants' counsel hope that the Court will hold that the offense was in violation of the act of 1856, and that the defendants will receive punishment as prescribed in that act. That act limits imprisonment to three months in the County Jail, under the provisions of the penal code, upon which basis the indictments have been prepared, the punishment is fine and imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

The defendants' counsel further claim to have discovered some flaw in the bonds made out by Attorney Swoope, who prepared them, expresses himself as ready to meet anything of that nature.

It is altogether probable, however, that the matter will be disposed of by the Court without a trial.

One accused with his counsel was in the Court Room for a short time yesterday, but disappeared upon hearing that he would not be called upon during the day. The business has been arranged for this morning at half-past nine o'clock.

THE FIRE YESTERDAY.

The Plumbing Shop of Messrs. Bailey, Farrell & Co., on Fire—Other Property Threatened—Efficient Actions of the Firemen—Loss about $10,000.

Yesterday afternoon about two o'clock, flames and smoke were observed issuing from the roof of No. 167 Second avenue, and an alarm of fire was immediately sounded from box 36 in the vicinity. The building was a four story brick structure, and occupied by Messrs. Bailey, Farrell & Co., as a shop in which to carry on their plumbing and gas fitting work. The fire was first discovered in the upper story and spread with such rapidity that the workmen were unable to remove their tools. The building contained also a large amount of stock in lead, white lead, patterns, &c., together with valuable machinery.

Adjoining were several small frame dwelling houses, the occupants of which in anticipation of a general conflagration began to remove their goods. The firemen arrived on the ground in a few moments and by great exertions succeeded in confining the flames to the upper portion of the building in which the fire originated, although for a time it seemed that their efforts to save the property would prove unavailing. In about half an hour they had it under control, and by three o'clock it was extinguished.

The building was valued at $5,000; it contained $3,000 worth of stock, and machinery which cost $22,500. The firm estimate their loss at about $10,000, which is covered by an insurance of $24,000, principally in foreign companies, the Western, Peoples, Allemania and Artizans of Pittsburgh, suffering slightly.

The origin of the fire is a mystery. The Chief Engineer think it was from a spark, but Fire Marshal Butler is of the opinion that it was caused by a defective flue.

The shop will be put in running order again immediately.

Pennsylvania Female College Corner Stone Laying.

The contributors, patrons and friends of the Pennsylvania Female College are invited to be present at the laying of the corner stone of the new extension on Thursday the 8th inst., at 5 o'clock P. M.

The train leaves the Union Depot at 4:30.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

WM. T. BEATTY, Secretary.

Peck Fenn & Co.'s celebrated London Biscuits, 10 different styles, at very moderate rates, 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. TTHS GEO. REAVEY.

A. P. A.

Wednesday's Proceedings.

The worthy Grand Lodge of the A. P. A. met yesterday morning at nine o'clock, and opened in the usual form. Vice Grand Master Wm. S. Stewart, in the chair.

The credentials of James S. Brien, of No. 22, were presented and found to be correct, and Mr. Brien was admitted to a seat.

After calling the roll, the minutes of last session were read, and with a slight correction were approved.

On motion, no member was allowed a longer time than five minutes to express himself on any question.

By request the Representative of 75, was excused for absence during the forenoon session.

The report of the Committee on Credentials laid over Monday afternoon was taken up and read. The Committee reported that the credentials of Nos. 25 and 36 were correct and recommended the admission of the representatives. No. 46 was not present.

A motion was made and carried to allow three minutes time to any member desiring to define his position on the question of accepting the report, as his number was called. The yeas and nays being demanded.

During the voting a great variety of reasons were given for the manner of voting. Some voted under instructions from their Lodges, to oppose the admission of the colored man under any circumstances; others stated that they were instructed to vote in the National Grand Lodge to create a separate organization for the colored man, give them the work of the Order and a proportion of their dues. Some were allowed to use their own discretion, and others were instructed to work and vote to admit the colored man. Others, again, voted on the principles inculcated by the Order, and not because the color of all nations on the earth, and of one flesh and one blood.

In reply to the question the W. G. Master gave it as his opinion that this question had nothing to do with the question of admitting the colored man.

A vote was taken with the following result:

Ayes—John McGimsey, No. 4; John Laughlin, No. 8; Alfred Cuthbert, No. 15; James L. Hodson, No. 23 and 28; Wm. Wright, No. 32; James S. Brien, No. 33; Conrad Dittmer, No. 34; Wm. Stewart, No. 44; H. H. Snienk, No. 78; Hugh Toland, No. 79; Boyd Adams, No. 82; Samuel Spencer, No. 86; Wm. McDowell, No. 92; Henry Arnold, No. 11; Hugh T. Boyce, No. 22.

Noes—No. 1, No. 9 (2 votes) Robert J. Black; No. 12, R. S. Hentzinger; No. 13, Robert McCully; No. 14, No. 15 (2 votes) Wm. Young; No. 20, Robert Abernethy; No. 24, H. Bork; No. 30, W. S. Stewart; No. 39, Wm. Bunting; No. 41, Wm. Briggs; No. 42, Jas. Logan; No. 48, John Carlisle; No. 51, (2 votes), Samuel Liggett; No. 65, Wm. Fishburn; No. 66, Samuel Cook; No. 67, John Steen; No. 68, Jas. Hutchinson; No. 86, Adam Mitchell; No. 83, D. C. Johnson; No. 74, Daniel McCurdy; No. 85, Geo. Ferguson—40.

Daniel McCurdy asked privilege to withdraw his name from the report of the Committee on Credentials of 25, 36 and 46. Granted.

After a spirited discussion, the dues paid in by Nos. 25, 36 and 46 were ordered to be refunded.

A motion was made by John Carlisle, No. 48, instructing the W. G. Master to take the chair in favor of No. 46.

A motion to lay on the table was lost by 13 to 25.

The question then reverting to the original motion, considerable discussion arose, and the yeas and nays were demanded, which resulted as follows:

Yeas—Nos. 9, (2 votes) 12, 13, 14, 15, 20, (2 votes) 24, 26, 30, 34, 37, 39, 42, 44, 45, 47, 48, (2 votes) 63, 66, (2 votes) 68, 83, 87, 89—29.

Nays—Nos. 1, 4, 8, 22, 23, 28, 32, 33, 38, 29, (2 votes) 52, 53, 54, 61, 72, 74, (2 votes) 78, (2 votes) 79, 80, 87, 88, 90—25.

The Lodge took a recess for refreshments.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Lodge re-assembled at 2 o'clock, and roll call, called the first quarterly session present. The minutes of the morning session were read.

Nos. 11 and 54 ask the privilege of recording their votes on the questions of admitting the representatives from No. 46, and also of revising the charters of those lodges to be lifted. On the former question both lodges voted in the affirmative, and on the latter in the negative.

On motion, the funds paid in by Nos. 25 and 36 were ordered to be refunded.

The reports of the D. D. G. M. and G. S. were presented and referred to special committees.

On motion of James Logan, the vote of censure, and proceedings in connection with a printed pamphlet, relative to Harmony Lodge No. 20, on page 15 of minutes, pages 44, 45, 46 and 46, of 1870 were expunged.

A motion was made to create a third district, and the appointment of a D. D. G. M., referred to a special Committee to arrange the State into districts, &c.

A resolution to reduce the quorum of Grand Lodges was lost—yeas 35, nays 22—a two-third vote being necessary.

A resolution was offered by Daniel M'Curdy to instruct the representatives present in the R. W. G. Lodge to vote to organize the colored men and give them all the work of the order, with the exception of the "White Caps," "Little Shoes," and "Whips." This semi-annual pass word. Carried.

A communication from the ladies of Reading was read and referred to a special committee.

Jos. Bennett, No. 37 offered the following:

Resolved, That in view of the illness of this R. W. G. Lodge shall be published in the newspapers stating that some of them published that it is on the 3d of August, (will be clean up business for the principals. The men were fined this morning by Mayor Brush ten dollars each and costs. McGarr was released upon paying his fine, but Little, not being able to "pony up," remained in durance vile.

Information was made before the Mayor yesterday morning charging a man forty-five years of age with an attempt to commit rape upon the little daughter of the proprietor of the house in which he boarded. The circumstances withhold the names of the parties. A warrant was issued.

Amusements.

THE MINSTRELS.—Simmons & Slocum's minstrels continue to fill the new Opera House, the audiences being of a very fashionable character. Last night the bill which had been presented on Monday and Tuesday was changed and an entirely new programme given. The first part which consisted, as usual, mainly in vocal and instrumental music, was very well selected, and the quartette and solo business was excellent. We have rarely heard a minstrel troupe in which were so many really good singers, performers with good voices and good taste. The second part of the programme is aptly called "The Carnival of Fun." The acts and scenes are extremely laughable. Low Simmons keeping the audience convulsed with laughter while he holds the stage. All that need be said of the company is that it is one of the best, and we say so, after two performances are devoid of anything like vulgarity.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—The new faces at the Penn Street Theatre have already become favorites and are drawing crowded houses. The performances are pleasantly varied, and just the sort for this hot weather. Fred Ahms keeps his face cool, and yet has it full.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—Allegherians who desire to spend a pleasant evening should make it a point to attend the strawberry festival held in the First Christian Church, corner of Beaver street and Montgomery avenue. The ladies have the matter in charge and have made every arrangement for the comfort and convenience of those who patronize the entertainment. The proceeds are to be applied to a worthy object, and those who drop in at the festival will do good with the money and enjoy an evening of pleasure.

To-night, and to-morrow night, the ladies of the Fourth Presbyterian Church will continue their festival at the Ralston School House, corner of Penn and Fifteenth streets. Music by Toerge's band.

Ocean Water Soap makes the finest suds for washing of any chemical compound known for cleansing and scouring glass, china, tin, brass or metal of any kind. It has no equal either as to quality or cheapness. Ask your grocer for it. tf

BREVITIES.

IT IS "Commissioner" Dilworth now.

POLITICAL excitement calming down.

STRAWBERRY festivals are quite numerous.

W. P. A. and Brewers delighted with Pittsburgh.

NO QUORUM of the Fire Commissioners yesterday.

THE small-pox is still prevalent in some portions of the cities.

ALLEGHENY Councils will hold a regular meeting to-night.

THE Brewers' Convention is attended by delegates from all parts of the country.

SCHADE, reporter for the Revenue Department, is in attendance during the proceedings of the Brewers' Convention.

THE running of the cars on the Birmingham Street railway was interfered with by the fire yesterday afternoon.

THE vacancy in the First Lieutenancy of the Third Company, Duquesne Greys has been filled by the election of Mr. David Duncan.

A CHILD was run over by the Pleasant Valley train yesterday afternoon in Gay alley, Allegheny, and a hand and foot badly injured.

A HEAD body, supposed to be that of Wm. N. Ogden, Esq., of the firm of Boyts & Ogden, this city, was found in the creek near Utica, Venango county.

THE Monongahela Wharf Committee will meet this (Thursday) afternoon at three o'clock, in the Mayor's officer, corner of Market and Water streets.

A MAN was knocked down by the hose carriage of one of the Hartford steam fire engine, yesterday. No injury sustained. We did not learn his name.

THE Iron City Rowing Club, has challenged Rooney Miller, of the McKee, to row a single scull three-mile race over the Monongahela course for $200 a side.

THE SCHOOL BOARD of Wilkins township has levied a tax of sixteen mills for the ensuing year, and will have to borrow money for purposes. The intention is to erect two new school houses.

MARKS'S furnishing store, No. 74 Fifth avenue was burglariously entered from the rear on Tuesday night and a revolver, a razor, some goods and about two dollars and a half in money taken.

AT the Press meeting yesterday a motion was made to hold the next annual meeting in Chicago, which was amended to Milwaukee, Cincinnati and Indianapolis. It was finally disposed of by leaving the Board of Directors to decide where it shall be held.

A MAMMOTH crayon life size crayon photograph of Mayor Brush from D. Mahan's gallery on Fifth avenue, graces the Mayor's office. It is one of the finest specimens of photographic art we have ever examined, and reflects the largest measure of credit to the accomplished artist that we will call him. Mr. Smith, our worthy and esteemed chief magistrate to his further advantage than what he naturally appears.

AN OLD WHITE HORSE succeeded in creating a sensation yesterday morning by walking up the flight of stone steps leading into the residence of Dr. Duncan, Penn street, near Eighth. The affrighted family were further perplexed when the horse was impossible, as the door was closed against him. A large crowd collected about the place, and many accounts were given as to the manner in which he succeeded in getting up the steps, but we failed to learn the facts.

WE are very much pained to announce this morning the death of General P. Ashmead McMasters, of Allegheny arsenal, which occurred at Rock Island, Illinois, arsenal yesterday. The deceased was universally known and highly respected in this community, and his death will cause profound sorrow in our midst. He was for over sixteen years located at our arsenal and all through the war as inspector of ordnance and ammunition served the government well and faithfully. He was buried in Allegheny cemetery to-day, by John Black, D., and hence brother-in-law to the lamented Colonel Samuel W. Black and J. H. McClelland, Esq., lately deceased.

LIST OF UNITED STATES PATENTS

Issued to Citizens of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, from the Official Gazette of Tuesday, June 6, 1871, and Bearing that Date. Reported Weekly for "The Gazette," from the Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, G. Street, Washington, D. C. Solicitors of Patents for Inventors. Pamphlets Sent Free, from Whom All Information Regarding Patents Can Be Obtained.

No. 115,558, Shooting Iron—W. A. Andrews, Cleveland, Ohio.

115,560, Mechanical Fly Brush—H. E. Aughinbaugh, Dayton, Ohio.

115,569, Tool for Molding Glass—D. Challinor, Birmingham, Pa.

115,570, Fruit Jars—Jacob Christy, Clyde, Ohio.

115,576, Parlor games—G. A. Coffin, Cincinnati, Ohio, antedated May 27, 1871.

115,580, Earth Closet—R. A. Cowell, Cleveland, Ohio.

115,595, Milk Cooler—J. F. Harley, Cleveland, Ohio.

115,612, Enameled Flexible Metallic Plate for Photographers, W. Hoge & J. R. Peck, Washington, Pa.

115,618, Mode of Lubricating Axles and Journals—W. Kenworthy & J. H. Pollitt, Birmingham, Pa.

115,620, Smut Machine—J. Lautz, Wheeling, West Va.

115,622, Process of Separating Oil and Naptha from Paraffine Wax, etc—R. B. & W. Lucas, Cleveland, Ohio.

115,631, Sole of Boots and Shoes—A. D. Moss, Philadelphia, Pa.

115,632, Center Seal for Gas Works—P. Muwzinger, Philadelphia, Pa.

115,632, Tidy Pin—H. H. Newton, Cleveland, Ohio.

115,635, Reed Organ Bellows—J. R. & S. R. Peace, Pittsburgh, Pa.

115,637, Hydrant—J. L. Pillsbury, Columbus, Ohio.

115,649, Manufacture of Metallic Rolls for Iron Steel, etc.—R. Sleeth, assignor to Bagley, Young & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

115,663, Fence—M. Van Wormer, Troy, Ohio.

115,666, Nozzle for Car Brake Apparatus—G. Westinghouse, Jr., Pittsburgh, Pa.

115,668, Steam Engine Valve and Post—G. Westinghouse, Jr., Pittsburgh, Pa.

115,672, Steam Engine—H. W. Adams, Philadelphia, Pa.

115,676, Thrashing Machine—D. C. Baughman, Tiffin, Ohio.

115,677, Thrashing Machine—D. C. Baughman, Tiffin, Ohio.

115,690, Ladder Stand—D. R. Burkholder, Plainfield, Pa.

115,698, Medical Compound or Cough Syrup—B. H. Burke, Pittsburgh, Pa.

115,702, Apple Pulping Machine—G. Clayton, Marshallton, and S. Ringwalt, Downingtown, Pa.

115,707, Grain Cleaner and Separator—W. A. Cockrill, assignor to self and C. H. Durban, Zanesville, Ohio.

No. 115,717, Step Cover—D. P. Dietrich and R. M. Papham, assignors to D. P. Dietrich, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,730, Umbrella—W. A. Drown, Jr., Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,736, Valve of Steam Pumping Engines—L. M. Gilbert, Cow Run, Ohio.

No. 115,737, Apparatus for Making Sheet Lead—H. Hannen, assignor to self, F. Woods and B. F. Pine, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,741, Wine Press—C. P. Hartman, Nazareth, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,742, Sash Lounge—G. Hartzel and J. P. Reifsneider, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,754, Apparatus for Separating and Concentrating Ores, etc.—J. Hood, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,758, Apparatus for Dumping Coal—R. Jenkins and T. Woods, Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,746, Gauge Cock—B. E. Lehman and R. Rose, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,767, Steam Exhaust—Bloody Run, Pennsylvania.

No. 115,768, Wagon Spring—T. A. McFarland, Erie, Pennsylvania.

115,776 Pump—J. A. Sinclair, assignor to self and W. Woodford, Pittsburgh, Pa.

116,788 Apparatus for Exhausting Gas from Retorts—Samuel Trumbore, Easton, Pa.

115,794 Stop Valve—J. Walsh, Philadelphia, Pa.

DESIGNS.

4,954 Gas Fire Log—T. N. Nixon & C. Friese, assignors to T. S. Dixon & Sons, Philadelphia.

4,955 and 4,956 Stocking Fabric—Thos. Dolan, Philadelphia.

4,958 Show Case—Wm. H. Grove, Phil'a.

4,961 Lamp Chimney—H. McSeeney, Martinsville, O.

TRADE MARKS.

339 Baking Powder—W. W. Hedges, Springfield, O.

320 Candy—F. M. Whitelaw, Cincinnati.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE STOWE.

At the opening of Court, following the settlement of the business in relation to the Commissioners, the case of the Commonwealth vs. Edward Bradford was called up. Bradford was one of the parties charged with assaulting officer Fitzsimmons, Mayor Brush's police in March last. "Bull" White and George Nimick were tried at the last term, but Bradford was not arrested. Bradford entered a plea of guilty, and was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year and pay the costs of the prosecution.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Dowling, Andrew Sammons and Jas. Simmons, indicted for assault and battery with intent to kill, and Commonwealth vs. Maitland and Dowling were arraigned. Simmons not having been arrested. These parties, it will be remembered, are charged with attempting to assassinate Mr. McIntyre, doing business in this city and residing some distance from Temperanceville, for the purpose of robbing his house. It was supposed that Mr. McIntyre had a large sum of money in the house, and two separate attempts were made to murder him. We gave the full particulars of the affair at the time of the arrest. The case is still on trial. Messrs. Moreland, Moore and McCarthy appear for the defense, District Attorney Pearson and Thos. M. Marshall, Esq., for the prosecution.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

Com. vs Richard Roberts.
Com. vs George Smith.
Com. vs W. H. Magee.
Com. vs Patrick Keating.
Com. vs George Martin.
Com. vs John E. Harrison.
Com. vs Charles Whalen.
Com. vs Lydia Whaley.
Com. vs Ellen Carroll.
Com. vs Thomas Daniels.
Com. vs Marland McHenry.
Com. vs David Ellen.
Com. vs W. McHenry et al.
Com. vs Wm. Einstein.
Com. vs George Sproul.
Com. vs John Walls.
Com. vs Max Hartrig.
Com. vs H. Dougherty.
Com. vs John Dougherty.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND COLLIER.

In Judge Sterrett's branch the case of Margaret K. C. Brown vs. The Monongahela Incline Plane Company was resumed. On trial.

In Judge Collier's branch the case of J. M. Carson & Co. vs. Ellen Thomas, which has been on trial for two or three days past, has not yet been concluded.

TRIAL LIST FOR TO-DAY.

77 Plummer vs. Hays.
204 Updegraff vs. Huckenstein.
265 Kern vs. Harrington.
296 Baxter vs. Hemphill et al.
297 Same vs. same.
298 Flanders vs. Bunting.
219 Clark et al vs. Graham et al.
312 Donaldson vs. McClarren.
214 Newton vs. O'Hara.
215 Koch vs. Goetman et al.
1 Carrier et al vs. Barr et al.
2 McClintock vs. Baisley et al.
5 Kuhbislar vs. Hurrchaucher et al.
6 Kraus vs. Werner.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE MCKENNA.

The Philadelphia ink-roller Patent case is still on trial.

Fine Furniture at Auction.—The entire superior furniture at the residence of Captain Glow, 17 Preble street, near Locust street, below Beaver avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny, is to be sold to-morrow, Friday morning, at ten o'clock. A. LEGATE, Auctioneer.

A Pleasant Gathering.

On Tuesday evening a very pleasant affair occurred at the residence of Mr. James Arrott, North avenue, Allegheny, the occasion being the celebration of the tenth hymenial anniversary of that gentleman and his matrimonial companion. The ceremonies took the shape of a "tin wedding" and a number of the friends of the estimable couple assembled with the emblems of the tinners art at the mansion, quite early and as the result proved early in the afternoon to make the evening one filled with the most ple